

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2019

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission File Number: 001-38341

ALASKA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS GROUP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

52-2126573
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

600 Telephone Avenue, Anchorage, Alaska 99503-6091
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(907) 297-3000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share	ALSK	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

As of May 3, 2019, there were outstanding 53,784,616 shares of Common Stock, \$.01 par value, of the registrant.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

ALASKA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS GROUP, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited, In Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,845	\$ 13,351
Restricted cash	1,632	1,634
Short-term investments	134	134
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$4,175 and \$3,936	25,659	31,472
Materials and supplies	8,362	6,737
Prepayments and other current assets	12,453	12,169
Total current assets	71,085	65,497
Property, plant and equipment	1,395,150	1,390,622
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(1,021,664)	(1,017,442)
Property, plant and equipment, net	373,486	373,180
Deferred income taxes	456	498
Operating lease right of use asset	81,455	-
Other assets	15,483	16,010
Total assets	<u>\$ 541,965</u>	<u>\$ 455,185</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term obligations	\$ 3,418	\$ 2,289
Accounts payable, accrued and other current liabilities	39,153	40,957
Advance billings and customer deposits	4,002	4,024
Operating lease liabilities - current	2,503	-
Total current liabilities	49,076	47,270
Long-term obligations, net of current portion	174,357	168,023
Deferred income taxes	2,336	2,315
Operating lease liabilities - noncurrent	78,662	-
Other long-term liabilities, net of current portion	67,469	67,827
Total liabilities	371,900	285,435
Commitments and contingencies		
Alaska Communications stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 145,000 authorized; 53,610 issued and outstanding at March 31, 2019; 53,268 issued and outstanding at December 31, 2018	536	533
Additional paid in capital	160,704	160,514
Retained earnings	10,666	10,439
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2,746)	(2,675)
Total Alaska Communications stockholders' equity	169,160	168,811
Noncontrolling interest	905	939
Total stockholders' equity	170,065	169,750
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 541,965</u>	<u>\$ 455,185</u>

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

ALASKA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS GROUP, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
(Unaudited, In Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2019	2018
Operating revenues	\$ 56,909	\$ 55,972
Operating expenses:		
Cost of services and sales (excluding depreciation and amortization)	25,627	25,833
Selling, general and administrative	16,656	16,012
Depreciation and amortization	8,679	8,787
Gain on disposal of assets, net	(2)	(3)
Total operating expenses	50,960	50,629
Operating income	5,949	5,343
Other income and (expense):		
Interest expense	(3,056)	(3,504)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(2,799)	-
Interest income	75	14
Other income, net	122	104
Total other income and (expense)	(5,658)	(3,386)
Income before income tax (expense) benefit	291	1,957
Income tax (expense) benefit	(98)	112
Net income	193	2,069
Less net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(34)	(32)
Net income attributable to Alaska Communications	227	2,101
Other comprehensive (loss) income:		
Minimum pension liability adjustment	20	57
Income tax effect	(6)	(16)
Amortization of defined benefit plan loss	121	91
Income tax effect	(34)	(26)
Interest rate swap marked to fair value	(13)	305
Income tax effect	4	(87)
Reclassification to interest expense	(227)	(25)
Income tax effect	64	7
Total other comprehensive income	(71)	306
Total comprehensive income attributable to Alaska Communications	156	2,407
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(34)	(32)
Total other comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	-	-
Total comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(34)	(32)
Total comprehensive income	\$ 122	\$ 2,375
Net income per share attributable to Alaska Communications:		
Basic	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.04
Diluted	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.04
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic	53,382	52,681
Diluted	54,605	53,857

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

ALASKA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS GROUP, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity
(Unaudited, In Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

	<u>Alaska Communications Stockholders' Equity</u>						<u>Noncontrolling Interest</u>	<u>Stockholders' Equity</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Additional Paid in Capital</u>	<u>Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)</u>	<u>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss</u>			
Three Months Ended March 31, 2019								
Balance at December 31, 2018	53,268	\$ 533	\$ 160,514	\$ 10,439	\$ (2,675)	\$ 939	\$ 169,750	
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	227	(71)	(34)	122	
Stock compensation	-	-	498	-	-	-	498	
Surrender of shares to cover minimum withholding taxes on stock-based compensation	-	-	(305)	-	-	-	(305)	
Issuance of common stock, pursuant to stock plans, \$.01 par	342	3	(3)	-	-	-	-	
Balance at March 31, 2019	<u>53,610</u>	<u>\$ 536</u>	<u>\$ 160,704</u>	<u>\$ 10,666</u>	<u>\$ (2,746)</u>	<u>\$ 905</u>	<u>\$ 170,065</u>	
Three Months Ended March 31, 2018								
Balance at December 31, 2017	52,526	\$ 525	\$ 158,969	\$ (3,579)	\$ (2,396)	\$ 991	\$ 154,510	
Cumulative effect of new accounting principles adopted	-	-	-	4,938	-	-	4,938	
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	2,101	306	(32)	2,375	
Stock compensation	-	-	242	-	-	-	242	
Surrender of shares to cover minimum withholding taxes on stock-based compensation	-	-	(410)	-	-	-	(410)	
Issuance of common stock, pursuant to stock plans, \$.01 par	585	6	(6)	-	-	-	-	
Contributions from noncontrolling interest	-	-	-	-	-	40	40	
Balance at March 31, 2018	<u>53,111</u>	<u>\$ 531</u>	<u>\$ 158,795</u>	<u>\$ 3,460</u>	<u>\$ (2,090)</u>	<u>\$ 999</u>	<u>\$ 161,695</u>	

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

ALASKA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS GROUP, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited, In Thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2019	2018
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$ 193	\$ 2,069
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	8,679	8,787
Gain on disposal of assets, net	(2)	(3)
Amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discount	303	356
Loss on extinguishment of debt	2,799	-
Amortization of deferred capacity revenue	(1,126)	(947)
Stock-based compensation	498	242
Income tax expense (benefit)	98	(112)
Charge for uncollectible accounts	(697)	537
Amortization of right-of-use assets	565	-
Other non-cash expense, net	121	90
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	4,044	2,402
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>15,475</u>	<u>13,421</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Capital expenditures	(8,563)	(8,680)
Capitalized interest	(355)	(420)
Change in unsettled capital expenditures	(1,121)	(1,272)
Net cash used by investing activities	<u>(10,039)</u>	<u>(10,372)</u>
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Repayments of long-term debt	(171,758)	(8,807)
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt	180,000	7,000
Debt issuance costs and discounts	(2,659)	-
Cash paid for debt extinguishment	(1,222)	-
Cash proceeds from noncontrolling interest	-	40
Payment of withholding taxes on stock-based compensation	(305)	(410)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	<u>4,056</u>	<u>(2,177)</u>
Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	9,492	872
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	<u>14,985</u>	<u>16,168</u>
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	<u>\$ 24,477</u>	<u>\$ 17,040</u>
Supplemental Cash Flow Data:		
Interest paid	\$ 3,075	\$ 3,441
Income taxes paid, net	\$ 10	\$ -

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

ALASKA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS GROUP, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited, In Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Alaska Communications Systems Group, Inc. (“we”, “our”, “us”, the “Company” and “Alaska Communications”), a Delaware corporation, through its operating subsidiaries, provides broadband telecommunication and managed information technology (“IT”) services to customers in the State of Alaska and beyond using its telecommunications network.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements represent the consolidated financial position, comprehensive income and cash flows of Alaska Communications Systems Group, Inc. and the following wholly-owned subsidiaries:

- Alaska Communications Systems Holdings, Inc. (“ACS Holdings”)
- ACS of Alaska, LLC (“ACSAK”)
- ACS of the Northland, LLC (“ACSN”)
- ACS of Fairbanks, LLC (“ACSF”)
- ACS of Anchorage, LLC (“ACSA”)
- ACS Wireless, Inc. (“ACSW”)
- ACS Long Distance, LLC
- Alaska Communications Internet, LLC (“ACSI”)
- ACS Messaging, Inc.
- ACS Cable Systems, LLC (“ACSC”)
- Crest Communications Corporation
- WCI Cable, Inc.
- WCIC Hillsboro, LLC
- Alaska Northstar Communications, LLC
- WCI LightPoint, LLC
- WorldNet Communications, Inc.
- Alaska Fiber Star, LLC
- TekMate, LLC

In addition to the wholly-owned subsidiaries, the Company has a fifty percent controlling interest in ACS-Quintillion JV, LLC (“AQ-JV”), a joint venture formed by its wholly-owned subsidiary ACSC and Quintillion Holdings, LLC (“QHL”) in connection with the North Slope fiber optic network. See Note 3 “*Joint Venture*” for additional information.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America (“GAAP”) have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. The Company believes the disclosures made are adequate to make the information presented not misleading.

See Note 10 “*Leases*” for a summary of the Company’s lease accounting policies and related disclosures.

The Company consolidates the financial results of the AQ-JV based on its determination that, for accounting purposes, it holds a controlling financial interest in the joint venture and is the primary beneficiary of this variable interest entity. The Company has accounted for and reported QHL’s fifty percent ownership interest in the joint venture as a noncontrolling interest. See Note 3 “*Joint Venture*” for additional information.

In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all normal, recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position, comprehensive income and cash flows for all periods presented. Comprehensive income for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019, is not necessarily indicative of comprehensive income which might be expected for the entire year or any other interim periods. The balance sheet at December 31, 2018 has been derived from the audited financial statements as of that date but does not include all information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year financial statements to conform to the current year presentation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the Company’s consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes, including estimates of operating revenues, probable losses and expenses. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

ALASKA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS GROUP, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited, In Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

Effective January 1, 2019, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 842, “Leases” (“ASC 842”) on a modified retrospective basis. Accordingly, information presented for periods prior to the quarter ending March 31, 2019 have not been recast. Adoption of ASC 842 resulted in the establishment of right-of-use (“ROU”) assets and associated liabilities totaling \$82,020 representing the Company’s right to use the underlying assets and the present value of the future lease payments over the terms of the Company’s operating leases. The Company elected the package of practical expedients, which among other things, does not require reassessment of lease classification. Adoption of ASC 842 did not have a material effect on the Company’s finance leases and its consolidated statements of Comprehensive Income and Cash Flows. See Note 10 “Leases” for a summary of the Company’s lease accounting policies and other disclosures required under ASC 842.

Effective January 1, 2019, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2017-12, “Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815), Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities” (ASU 2017-12”) on a prospective basis. The new guidance eliminates the requirement to separately measure and report hedge ineffectiveness and, for qualifying hedges, requires the entire change in the fair value of the hedging instrument to be presented in the same income statement line as the hedged item. The Company’s only hedge, consisting of a pay-fixed, receive-floating interest rate swap, is fully effective. Therefore, adoption of ASU 2017-12 did not have any impact on the Company’s financial statements. See Note 4 “Fair Value Measurements and Derivative Financial Instruments” for the disclosures required by ASU 2017-12.

Effective January 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASU No 2018-16, “Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815), Inclusion of the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) Overnight Index Swap (OIS) Rate as a Benchmark Interest Rate for Hedge Accounting Purposes” (“ASU 2018-16”). Permitting use of the OIS rate based on SOFR as a U.S. benchmark interest rate for hedge accounting purposes will facilitate the London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”) to SOFR transition and provide sufficient lead time for entities to prepare for changes to interest rate risk hedging strategies. ASU 2018-16 was required to be adopted concurrently with ASU 2017-12. Adoption of ASU 2018-16 did not affect the Company’s financial statements and related disclosures.

Accounting Pronouncements Issued Not Yet Adopted

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, “Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326), Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments” (“ASU 2016-13”). The amendments in ASU 2016-13, and subsequent amendments, introduce a forward-looking approach, based on expected losses, to estimate credit losses on certain types of financial instruments, including trade receivables. ASU 2016-13 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company is evaluating the ASU 2016-13 will have on its financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, “Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820), Disclosure Framework – Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement” (“ASU 2018-13”). The amendments in ASU 2018-13 are intended to improve the effectiveness of fair value measurement disclosures in the notes to the financial statements. The new guidance eliminates the requirement to disclose (i) the amount and reasons for transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarch; (ii) the policy for timing of transfers between levels; and (iii) the valuation processes for Level 3 fair value measurements. The new guidance also requires the disclosure of (i) changes in unrealized gains and losses for the period included in other comprehensive income for recurring Level 3 fair value measurements held at the end of the reporting period; and (ii) the range and weighted average of significant unobservable inputs used to develop Level 3 fair value measurements. ASU 2018-13 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019 and early adoption is permitted. The Company is evaluating ASU 2018-13 and, based on its existing assets and liabilities measured at fair value, does not currently believe that adoption will have a material effect on its financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-14, “Compensation – Retirement Benefits – Defined Benefit Plans – General (Subtopic 715-20), Disclosure Framework – Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans” (“ASU 2018-14”). The amendments in ASU 2018-14 are intended to improve the effectiveness of disclosures in the notes to the financial statements about employer-sponsored defined benefit plans. The new guidance eliminates, among other items, the requirement to disclose the amounts in accumulated other comprehensive income expected to be recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost over the next fiscal year. Expanded disclosures required under ASU 2018-14 include an explanation of the reasons for significant gains and losses related to changes in the benefit obligation for the period. ASU 2018-14 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020 and early adoption is permitted. The Company is evaluating the effect ASU 2018-14 will have on its disclosures.

ALASKA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS GROUP, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited, In Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-15, “*Intangibles – Goodwill and Other – Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40), Customer’s Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That Is a Service Contract*” (“ASU 2018-15”). The amendments in ASU 2018-15 align the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract with those incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software, including hosting arrangements that include an internal-use software license. ASU 2018-15 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019 and early adoption is permitted. The Company is evaluating the effect ASU 2018-15 will have on its financial statements and related disclosures.

2. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue Recognition Policies

Revenue Accounted for in Accordance with ASC 606, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers” (“ASC 606”)

At contract inception, the Company assesses the goods and services promised to the customer and identifies the performance obligation for each promise to transfer a good or service that is distinct. The Company considers all obligations whether they are explicitly stated in the contract or are implied by customary business practices.

The Company’s broadband and voice revenue includes service, installation and equipment charges. Managed IT revenues include the sale, configuration and installation of equipment and the subsequent provision of ongoing IT services. The Company enters into contracts with its rural health care customers and is subject to various regulatory requirements associated with the provision of these services. Revenues associated with rural health care customers are recognized based on the amount the Company expects to collect as evidenced in its contract with the customer and the Company’s and customer’s agreement with the Federal Communications Commission (“FCC”) as the relevant service is provided. Regulatory access revenue includes (i) special access, which is primarily access to dedicated circuits sold to wholesale customers, substantially all of which is generated from interstate services; and (ii) cellular access, which is the transport of tariffed local network services between switches for cellular companies based on individually negotiated contracts. Regulatory access revenue is recognized as the service is provided to the customer.

Revenue Accounted for in Accordance with Other Guidance

Deferred revenue capacity liabilities are established for infeasible rights of use (“IRUs”) on the Company’s network provided to third parties and are typically accounted for as operating leases. Regulatory access revenue includes interstate and intrastate switched access, consisting of services based primarily on originating and terminating access minutes from other carriers. High-cost support revenue consists of interstate and intrastate universal support funds and similar revenue streams structured by federal and state regulatory agencies that allow the Company to recover its cost of providing universal service in Alaska.

ALASKA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS GROUP, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited, In Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

Disaggregation of Revenue

The following table provides the Company's revenue disaggregated on the basis of its primary markets, customers, products and services for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019			Three Months Ended March 31, 2018		
	Accounted for Under ASC 606	Accounted for Under Other Guidance	Total Revenue	Accounted for Under ASC 606	Accounted for Under Other Guidance	Total Revenue
Business and Wholesale Revenue						
Business broadband	\$ 15,208	\$ -	\$ 15,208	\$ 13,600	\$ -	\$ 13,600
Business voice and other	7,001	-	7,001	6,851	-	6,851
Managed IT services	1,659	-	1,659	1,265	-	1,265
Equipment sales and installations	880	-	880	922	-	922
Wholesale broadband	8,551	-	8,551	8,056	-	8,056
Wholesale voice and other	1,426	-	1,426	1,488	-	1,488
Operating leases and other deferred revenue	-	1,770	1,770	-	1,581	1,581
Total Business and Wholesale Revenue	34,725	1,770	36,495	32,182	1,581	33,763
Consumer Revenue						
Broadband	6,468	-	6,468	6,492	-	6,492
Voice and other	2,733	-	2,733	2,877	-	2,877
Total Consumer Revenue	9,201	-	9,201	9,369	-	9,369
Regulatory Revenue						
Access ⁽¹⁾	5,116	-	5,116	6,207	-	6,207
Access ⁽²⁾	-	1,173	1,173	-	1,710	1,710
High-cost support	-	4,924	4,924	-	4,923	4,923
Total Regulatory Revenue	5,116	6,097	11,213	6,207	6,633	12,840
Total Revenue	\$ 49,042	\$ 7,867	\$ 56,909	\$ 47,758	\$ 8,214	\$ 55,972

(1) Includes customer ordered service and special access.

(2) Includes carrier of last resort and carrier common line.

Business broadband revenue includes revenue associated with rural health care customers. Consumer voice and other revenue includes revenue associated with the FCC's Lifeline program.

Timing of Revenue Recognition

Revenue accounted for in accordance with ASC 606 consisted of the following for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2019	2018
Services transferred over time	\$ 43,046	\$ 40,629
Goods transferred at a point in time	880	922
Regulatory access revenue ⁽¹⁾	5,116	6,207
Total revenue	\$ 49,042	\$ 47,758

(1) Includes customer ordered service and special access.

Transaction Price Allocated to Remaining Performance Obligations

The aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations for contracts with customers that are unsatisfied, or partially unsatisfied, accounted for in accordance with ASC 606 was approximately \$97,680 at March 31, 2019. Revenue will be recognized as the Company satisfies the associated performance obligations. For equipment delivery, installation and configuration, and certain managed IT services, which comprise approximately \$1,411 of the total, the performance obligation is currently expected to be satisfied during the next twelve months. For business

broadband, voice and other managed IT services, which comprise approximately \$96,269 of the total, the performance obligation will be satisfied as the service is provided over the terms of the contracts, which range from one to ten years. The Company's agreements with its consumer customers are typically on a month-to-month basis. Therefore, the Company's provision of future service to these customers is not reflected in the above discussion of future performance obligations.

ALASKA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS GROUP, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited, In Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

Contract Assets and Liabilities

The Company incurs certain incremental costs to obtain contracts that it expects to recover. These costs consist primarily of sales commissions and other directly related incentive compensation payments (reported as contract additions in the table below) which are dependent upon, and paid upon, successfully entering into individual customer contracts.

The table below provides a reconciliation of the contract assets associated with contracts with customers accounted for in accordance with ASC 606 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019. Contract modifications and cancellations did not have a material effect on contract assets in the three-month period ended March 31, 2019. Contract assets are classified as “Other assets” on the consolidated balance sheet.

Balance at January 1	\$	8,052
Contract additions		618
Amortization		(952)
Balance at March 31	\$	<u>7,718</u>

The Company recorded a credit to the provision for uncollectible accounts receivable of \$697 in the three-month period ended March 31, 2019 associated with its contracts with customers. See Note 5 “*Accounts Receivable*.”

The table below provides a reconciliation of the contract liabilities associated with contracts with customers accounted for in accordance with ASC 606 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019. Contract liabilities consist of deferred revenue and are included in “Accounts payable, accrued and other current liabilities” and “Other long-term liabilities, net of current portion.”

Balance at January 1	\$	2,766
Contract additions		1,091
Revenue recognized		(255)
Balance at March 31	\$	<u>3,602</u>

3. JOINT VENTURE

In 2015, the Company entered into a series of transactions including the acquisition of a fiber optic network on the North Slope arctic area of Alaska and the establishment of AQ-JV to own, operate and market part of that network. The network provides reliable fiber-optic connectivity where only high-cost microwave and high-latency satellite communications was previously available. Through AQ-JV, this network has been made available to other telecom carriers in the market.

The Company determined that the Joint Venture is a Variable Interest Entity as defined in ASC 810, “*Consolidation*.” The Company consolidates the financial results of AQ-JV based on its determination that, the fifty percent voting interest of each party notwithstanding, for accounting purposes it holds a controlling financial interest in, and is the primary beneficiary of, the joint venture. This determination was based on (i) the Company’s expected future utilization of certain assets of the joint venture in the operation of the Company’s business; and (ii) the Company’s engineering, design, installation, service and maintenance expertise in the telecom industry and its existing relationships and presence in the Alaska telecom market are expected to be significant factors in the successful operation of the joint venture. There was no gain or loss recognized by the Company on the initial consolidation of the joint venture. The Company has accounted for and reported QHL’s fifty percent ownership interest in AQ-JV as a noncontrolling interest.

The table below provides certain financial information about the joint venture included on the Company’s consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018. Cash may be utilized only to settle obligations of the joint venture. Because the joint venture is an LLC, and the Company has not guaranteed its operations, the joint venture’s creditors do not have recourse to the general credit of the Company.

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Cash	\$ 270	\$ 270
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$334 and \$309	\$ 1,807	\$ 1,832

The operating results and cash flows of the joint venture in the three-month periods of 2019 and 2018 were not material to the Company’s consolidated financial results.

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4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair Value Measurements

The Company has developed valuation techniques based upon observable and unobservable inputs to calculate the fair value of non-current monetary assets and liabilities. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources and unobservable inputs reflect internal market assumptions. These two types of inputs create the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- Level 2 - Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.
- Level 3 - Significant inputs to the valuation model are unobservable.

Financial assets and liabilities are classified within the fair value hierarchy in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurements. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurements requires judgment and may affect the valuation of the assets and liabilities being measured, as well as their level within the fair value hierarchy.

The fair values of cash equivalents, restricted cash, other short-term monetary assets and liabilities and financing leases approximate carrying values due to their nature. The carrying values of the Company's senior credit facilities and other long-term obligations of \$180,001 and \$172,494 at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, approximate fair value primarily as a result of the stated interest rates of the 2019 Senior Credit Facility approximating current market rates (Level 2).

The following table presents the Company's financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, at each hierarchical level. There were no transfers into or out of Levels 1 and 2 during the first three months of 2019:

	March 31, 2019				December 31, 2018			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Other assets:								
Interest rate swaps	\$ 218	\$ -	\$ 218	\$ -	\$ 458	\$ -	\$ 458	\$ -

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company currently uses interest rate swaps to manage variable interest rate risk. At low LIBOR rates, payments under the swaps increase the Company's cash interest expense, and at high LIBOR rates, they have the opposite effect.

The outstanding amount of the swaps as of a period end are reported on the balance sheet at fair value, represented by the estimated amount the Company would receive or pay to terminate the swaps. They are valued using models based on readily observable market parameters for all substantial terms of the contracts and are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

In 2017, as required under the terms of its 2017 Senior Credit Facility, the Company entered into a pay-fixed, receive-floating interest rate swap in the notional amount of \$90,000, with an interest rate of 6.49425%, inclusive of a 5.0% LIBOR spread, and a maturity date of June 28, 2019. Under the terms of the 2019 Senior Credit Facility, the Company is required to enter into or obtain an interest rate hedge sufficient to effectively fix or limit the interest rate on borrowings under the agreement of a minimum of \$90,000 with a weighted average life of at least two years. Upon repayment of the outstanding principal balance of the 2017 Senior Credit Facility on January 15, 2019, this swap was assigned to the 2019 Senior Credit Facility. Changes in fair value of this interest rate swap are recorded to accumulated other comprehensive loss and reclassified to interest expense when the hedged transaction is recognized in earnings. See Note 8 "Long-Term Obligations" and Note 11 "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss."

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The following table presents the notional amount, fair value and balance sheet classification of the Company's derivative financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	Balance Sheet Location	Notional Amount	Fair Value
At March 31, 2019:			
Interest rate swaps	Other assets	\$ 90,000	\$ 218
At December 31, 2018:			
Interest rate swaps	Other assets	\$ 90,000	\$ 458

The following table presents gains and losses before income taxes on the Company's interest rate swap designated as a cash flow hedge for the three-month periods ending March 31, 2019 and 2018.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2019	2018
(Loss) gain recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (13)	\$ 305
Gain reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to income	227	25

The following table presents the effect of cash flow hedge accounting on the Company's Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three-month periods ending March 31, 2019 and 2018:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2019	2018
Recorded as Interest Expense:		
Hedged interest payments	\$ (1,594)	\$ (1,487)
Gain on interest rate swap	227	25

5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable, net, consists of the following at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	2019	2018
Retail customers	\$ 19,537	\$ 21,732
Wholesale carriers	6,145	9,315
Other	4,152	4,361
	29,834	35,408
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,175)	(3,936)
Accounts receivable, net	<u>\$ 25,659</u>	<u>\$ 31,472</u>

The following table presents the activity in the allowance for doubtful accounts for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019, which is associated entirely with the Company's contracts with customers:

	2019
Balance at January 1	\$ 3,936
Provision for uncollectible accounts	(697)
Charged to other accounts	1,252
Deductions	(316)
Asset at December 31	<u>\$ 4,175</u>

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As of March 31, 2019, USAC had issued funding commitment letters for all of the Company's rural health care customer applications for Funding Year 2018 (July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019). Accounts receivable, net, associated with rural health care customers was \$5,198 and \$8,122 at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. Rural health care accounts are a component of the retail customers category in the above table.

6. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Prepayments and other current assets consist of the following at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	2019	2018
Income tax receivable	\$ 5,091	\$ 5,087
Prepaid expense	4,144	3,878
Other	3,218	3,204
Total prepayments and other current assets	<u>\$ 12,453</u>	<u>\$ 12,169</u>

7. CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts payable, accrued and other current liabilities consist of the following at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	2019	2018
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 11,889	\$ 14,627
Accrued payroll, benefits, and related liabilities	15,148	13,473
Deferred capacity and other revenue	5,697	6,095
Other	6,419	6,762
Total accounts payable, accrued and other current liabilities	<u>\$ 39,153</u>	<u>\$ 40,957</u>

Advance billings and customer deposits consist of the following at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	2019	2018
Advance billings	\$ 3,970	\$ 3,992
Customer deposits	32	32
Total advance billings and customer deposits	<u>\$ 4,002</u>	<u>\$ 4,024</u>

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations consist of the following at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	2019	2018
2019 senior secured credit facility due 2025	\$ 180,000	\$ -
Debt discount	(2,759)	-
Debt issuance costs	(2,226)	-
2017 senior secured credit facility due 2023	-	171,750
Debt discount	-	(2,024)
Debt issuance costs	-	(2,182)
Capital leases and other long-term obligations	2,760	2,768
Total long-term obligations	177,775	170,312
Less current portion	(3,418)	(2,289)
Long-term obligations, net of current portion	<u>\$ 174,357</u>	<u>\$ 168,023</u>

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As of March 31, 2019, the aggregate maturities of long-term obligations were as follows:

2019 (April 1 - December 31)	\$ 2,281
2020 (January 1 - December 31)	6,802
2021 (January 1 - December 31)	9,067
2022 (January 1 - December 31)	11,333
2023 (January 1 - December 31)	15,851
2024 (January 1 - December 31)	135,122
Thereafter	2,304
Total maturities of long-term obligations	<u>\$ 182,760</u>

2019 Senior Credit Facility

On January 15, 2019, the Company entered into an amended and restated credit facility consisting of an Initial Term A Facility in the amount of \$180,000, a Revolving Facility in an amount not to exceed \$20,000 and a Delayed-Draw Term A Facility in an amount not to exceed \$25,000 (together the "2019 Senior Credit Facility" or "Agreement"). The Agreement also provides for Incremental Term A Loans up to an aggregate principal amount of the greater of \$60,000 and trailing twelve month EBITDA, as defined in the Agreement. On January 15, 2019, proceeds from the Initial Term A Facility of \$178,335, net of discounts of \$1,665, were used to repay in full the outstanding principal balance of the Term A-1 Facility and Term A-2 Facility under the Company's 2017 Senior Credit Facility of \$112,500 and \$59,250, respectively, pay accrued and unpaid interest of \$590, and pay fees and expenses associated with the transaction totaling \$2,216. The 2017 Senior Credit Facility was terminated on January 15, 2019. Discounts, debt issuance costs and fees associated with the 2019 Senior Credit Facility totaling \$2,659 were deferred and will be charged to interest expense over the term of the agreement.

Amounts outstanding under the Initial Term A Facility, Revolving Facility, Delayed-Draw Facility and Incremental Term A Loans bear interest at LIBOR plus 4.5% per annum. The Company may, at its discretion and subject to certain limitations as defined in the Agreement, select an alternate base rate at a margin that is 1.0% lower than the counterpart LIBOR margin.

Principal payments on the Initial Term A Facility, Delayed-Draw A Facility and any amounts outstanding under the Incremental Term A Loans are due commencing in the third quarter of 2019 as follows: the third quarter of 2019 through the second quarter of 2020 – 0.625% per quarter; the third quarter of 2020 through the second quarter of 2022 – 1.25% per quarter; the third quarter of 2022 through the second quarter of 2023 – 1.875% per quarter; and the third quarter of 2023 through the fourth quarter of 2023 – 2.5% per quarter. The remaining outstanding principal balance, including any amounts outstanding under the Revolving Facility, is due on January 15, 2024.

There were no amounts outstanding under the Revolving Facility, Delayed-Draw Term A Facility and Incremental Term A Loans at March 31, 2019.

The obligations under the 2019 Senior Credit Facility are secured by substantially all the personal property and real property of the Company, subject to certain agreed exceptions.

The 2019 Senior Credit Facility contains customary representations, warranties and covenants, including covenants limiting the incurrence of debt, the payment of dividends and repurchase of the Company's common stock.

The 2019 Senior Credit Facility provides for events of default customary for credit facilities of this type, including non-payment defaults on other debt, misrepresentation, breach of covenants, representations and warranties, change of control, and insolvency and bankruptcy.

Under the terms of the 2019 Senior Credit Facility, the Company is required to enter into or obtain an interest rate hedge sufficient to effectively fix or limit the interest rate on borrowings under the agreement of a minimum of \$90,000 with a weighted average life of at least two years. Upon repayment of the outstanding principal balance of the 2017 Senior Credit Facility on January 15, 2019, the pay-fixed, receive-floating interest rate swap in the notional amount of \$90,000, with an interest rate of 6.49425%, inclusive of a 5.0% LIBOR spread, and a maturity date of June 28, 2019 was assigned to the 2019 Senior Credit Facility. In the second quarter of 2019, the Company will obtain an interest rate hedge covering the period subsequent to June 28, 2019.

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2017 Senior Credit Facility

On January 15, 2019, the Company utilized proceeds from the 2019 Senior Credit Facility to repay in full the outstanding principal balance of its 2017 Senior Credit Facility in the amount of \$171,750. The Company recorded a loss of \$2,799 on the extinguishment of debt associated with this transaction, including the write-off of debt issuance costs and third-party fees.

9. OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Other long-term liabilities consist of the following at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	2019	2018
Deferred GCI capacity revenue, net of current portion	\$ 30,596	\$ 31,113
Other deferred IRU capacity revenue, net of current portion	25,144	25,732
Other deferred revenue, net of current portion	2,822	2,113
Other	8,907	8,869
Total other long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 67,469</u>	<u>\$ 67,827</u>

10. LEASES

The Company adopted the provisions of ASC 842 effective in the first quarter of 2019 on a modified retrospective basis. Refer to Note 1 “*Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*” for a summary of the effect of initial adoption on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

The Company applied the following practical expedients as provided for under ASC 842:

- (i) The determination of whether expired or existing contracts contain leases at the date of adoption was not reassessed;
- (ii) The classification of existing or expired leases at the date of adoption was not reassessed;
- (iii) The provisions of ASC 842 were not applied to lease agreements with a term of 12 months or less;
- (iv) Non-lease components, which are not material, were combined with lease components and, accordingly consideration was not allocated between these two elements;
- (v) Existing lease agreements were not reassessed to identify any initial direct costs; and
- (vi) Hindsight was applied to determine changes in lease terms and assess for the impairment of ROU assets.

Lease Agreements Under Which the Company is the Lessee

The Company enters into agreements for land, land easements, access rights, IRUs, co-located data centers, buildings, equipment, pole attachments and personal property. These assets are utilized in the provision of broadband and telecommunications services to the Company’s customers. An agreement is determined to be a lease if it conveys to the Company the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is defined as the Company having both the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the asset and the right to direct the use of the asset. This determination is made at contract inception. Operating leases are included in operating lease ROU assets and current and noncurrent operating lease liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet. Finance leases are included in property, plant and equipment and current portion of long-term obligations and long-term obligations on the consolidated balance sheet.

ROU assets represent the Company’s right to use the underlying asset for the term of the operating lease and operating lease liabilities represent the Company’s obligation to make lease payments over the term of the lease. ROU assets and operating lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the estimated present value of the lease payments over the term of the lease.

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The terms of the Company's leases are primarily fixed. A limited number of leases include a variable payment component based on a pre-determined percentage or index.

Most of the Company's lease agreements include extension options which vary between leases but are generally consistent with industry practice. Extension options are exercised as required to meet the Company's service obligations and other business requirements. Extension options are included in the determination of the ROU asset if, at lease inception, it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.

Certain leases include a provision for early termination, typically in return for an agreed amount of consideration. The terms of these provisions vary by contract. Upon the exercise of an early termination option, the ROU asset and associated liability are remeasured to reflect the present value of the revised cash flows. There were no early terminations recorded in the three-month period ended March 31, 2019.

The Company's operating and financing lease agreements do not include residual value guarantees, embedded leases or impose material restriction or covenants on the Company's operations. It has no lease arrangements with related parties. The Company has sublease arrangements associated with certain leased assets. Such arrangements are not material.

The Company entered into additional operating lease commitments that had not yet commenced as of March 31, 2019 with a present value totaling approximately \$450. These leases are primarily associated with the Company's CAF Phase II services, are expected to commence beginning in during 2019, and have terms of 25 years.

The discount rate applied to determine the present value of the future lease payments is based on the Company's incremental borrowing rate which is derived from recent secured borrowing arrangements entered into by the Company and publicly available information for instruments with similar terms.

The Company did not recognize any short-term lease cost, variable lease cost, enter into any sale and leaseback transactions or obtain right-of-use assets in exchange for operating and finance leases during the three-month period ended March 31, 2019.

The following tables provide certain quantitative information about the Company's lease agreements under which it is the lessee as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019. The maturities of lease liabilities are presented in twelve-month increments beginning April 1, 2019.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019
Lease Cost	
Finance lease cost:	
Amortization of right-of-use asset	\$ 20
Interest on lease liabilities	68
Operating lease costs	1,955
Total lease cost	<u>\$ 2,043</u>

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	<u>At</u> <u>March 31, 2019</u>
Balance Sheet Information	
Operating leases:	
ROU assets	\$ <u>81,455</u>
Liabilities - current	\$ 2,503
Liabilities - noncurrent	78,662
Total liabilities	\$ <u>81,165</u>
Finance leases:	
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 2,519
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(1,390)
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ <u>1,129</u>
Current portion of long-term obligations	\$ 42
Long-term obligations, net of current portion	2,717
Total finance lease liabilities	\$ <u>2,759</u>

	<u>At March 31, 2019</u>	
	<u>Operating</u> <u>Leases</u>	<u>Financing</u> <u>Leases</u>
Maturities of Lease Liabilities		
Year 1	\$ 7,428	\$ 312
Year 2	7,351	320
Year 3	7,231	329
Year 4	7,175	338
Year 5	6,960	347
Thereafter	161,286	3,740
Total lease payments	<u>197,431</u>	<u>5,386</u>
Less imputed interest	(116,765)	(2,627)
Total present value of lease obligations	80,666	2,759
Present value of current obligations	(2,004)	(42)
Present value of long-term obligations	<u>\$ 78,662</u>	<u>\$ 2,717</u>

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Other Information	
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:	
Operating cash flows from finance leases	\$ 68
Operating cash flows from operating leases	2,276
Financing cash flows from finance leases	9
Weighted-average remaining lease term (in years):	
Finance leases	14
Operating leases	30
Weighted-average discount rate:	
Finance leases	9.8%
Operating leases	6.9%

Lease Agreements Under Which the Company is the Lessor

The Company's agreements under which it is the lessor are primarily associated with the use of its network assets, including IRUs for fiber optic cable, colocation and buildings. An agreement is determined to be a lease if it conveys to the lessee the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is defined as the lessee having both the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the asset and the right to direct the use of the asset. This determination is made at contract inception. Exchanges of IRUs with other carriers are accounted for as leases if the arrangement has commercial substance. All of the Company's agreements under which it is the lessor have been determined to be operating leases.

Lease payments are recognized as income on a straight-line basis over the term of the agreement, including scheduled changes in payments not based on an index or otherwise determined to be variable in nature. Any changes in payments based on an index are reflected in income in the period of the change. The underlying leased asset is reported as a component of property, plant and equipment on the balance sheet.

Initial direct costs associated with the lease incurred by the Company are deferred and expensed over the term of the lease.

Certain of the Company's operating lease agreements include extension options which vary between leases but are generally consistent with industry practice. Extension options are not included in the determination of lease income unless, at lease inception, it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.

The Company's operating leases do not include purchase options.

Certain leases include a provision for early termination, typically in return for an agreed amount of consideration. The terms of these provisions vary by contract. Upon the exercise of an early termination option, any deferred rent receivable, deferred income and unamortized initial direct costs are written off. The underlying asset is assessed for impairment giving consideration to the Company's ability to utilize the asset in its business. There were no early terminations recorded in the three-month period ended March 31, 2019.

The Company does not have material sublease arrangements as the lessor or lease arrangements with related parties.

The Company did not have sales-type leases or direct financing leases as of March 31, 2019.

The underlying assets associated with the Company's operating leases are accounted for under ASC 360, "*Property, Plant and Equipment*." The assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life, including any periods in which the Company expects to utilize the asset subsequent to termination of the lease.

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The Company's operating lease agreements may include a non-lease component associated with operation and maintenance services. Consideration received for these services are recognized as income on a straight-line basis consistently with the lease components. Certain operating lease arrangements include a separate maintenance and service agreement. Consideration received under these separate agreements are recognized as income when the relevant service is provided to the lessee.

The following tables provide certain quantitative information about the Company's operating lease agreements under which it is the lessor as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019. Lease income is classified as revenue on the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The carrying value of the underlying leased assets is not material.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019
Lease Income	
Total lease income	\$ 861
	At March, 31 2019
Maturities of Future Undiscounted Lease Payments	
Year 1	\$ 1,160
Year 2	1,113
Year 3	810
Year 4	331
Year 5	320
Thereafter	2,781
Total future undiscounted lease payments	\$ 6,515

11. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

The following table summarizes the activity in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019:

	Defined Benefit Pension Plan	Interest Rate Swaps	Total
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ (3,003)	\$ 328	\$ (2,675)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	14	(9)	5
Reclassifications from accumulated comprehensive income (loss) to net income	87	(163)	(76)
Net other comprehensive income	101	(172)	(71)
Balance at March 31, 2019	\$ (2,902)	\$ 156	\$ (2,746)

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The following table summarizes the reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2019	2018
Amortization of defined benefit plan pension items:		
Amortization of loss	\$ 121	\$ 91
Income tax effect	(34)	(26)
After tax	<u>87</u>	<u>65</u>
Amortization of gain on interest rate swap:		
Reclassification to interest expense	(227)	(25)
Income tax effect	64	7
After tax	<u>(163)</u>	<u>(18)</u>
Total reclassifications, net of income tax	<u>\$ (76)</u>	<u>\$ 47</u>

Amounts reclassified to net income from our defined benefit pension plan and interest rate swaps have been presented within “Other income (expense), net” and “Interest expense,” respectively, in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The estimated amount to be reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income as a reduction in interest expense within the next twelve months is \$218. See Note 4 “Fair Value Measurements and Derivative Financial Instruments.”

12. STOCK INCENTIVE PLANS

Under the Company’s stock incentive plan, stock options, restricted stock, stock-settled stock appreciation rights, performance share units and other awards may be granted to officers, employees, consultants, and non-employee directors. Long-term incentive awards (“LTIP”) were granted to executive management annually through 2010.

2011 Incentive Award Plan

On June 10, 2011, Alaska Communications shareholders approved the 2011 Incentive Award Plan, which was amended and restated on June 30, 2014 and which terminates in 2021. Following termination, all shares granted under this plan, prior to termination, will continue to vest under the terms of the grant when awarded. All remaining unencumbered shares of common stock previously allocated to the Prior Plans were transferred to the 2011 Incentive Award Plan. In addition, to the extent that any outstanding awards under the Prior Plans are forfeited or expire or such awards are settled in cash, such shares will again be available for future grants under the 2011 Incentive Award Plan. The Company grants Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”) and Performance Stock Units (“PSUs”) as the primary equity based incentive for executive and certain non union-represented employees.

Restricted Stock Units

The Company measures the fair value of RSUs based on the number of shares granted and the quoted closing market price of the Company’s common stock on the date of grant. RSUs granted in 2018 vest ratably over three years.

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The following table summarizes the RSU, LTIP and non-employee director stock compensation activity for the nine-month period ended March 31, 2019:

	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested at December 31, 2018	1,185	\$ 1.88
Granted	-	-
Vested	(518)	1.91
Canceled or expired	(7)	1.73
Nonvested at March 31, 2019	660	\$ 1.86

Performance Stock Units

The PSUs granted in 2018 will vest in three equal installments, or tranches, if certain stock price thresholds and service thresholds are achieved.

The Company measures the fair value of the 2018 PSUs using a Monte Carlo simulation model as more fully described below. Share-based compensation expense subject to a market condition is recognized regardless of whether the market condition is satisfied, provided that the requisite service has been provided.

The following table summarizes the PSU activity for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019.

	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested at December 31, 2018	2,070	\$ 0.85
Granted	-	-
Vested	-	-
Canceled or expired	(238)	1.74
Nonvested at March 31, 2019	1,832	\$ 0.74

The following table provides selected information about the Company's share-based compensation as of and for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2019	2018
Total compensation cost for share-based payments	\$ 498	\$ 242
Weighted average grant-date fair value of equity instruments granted (per share)	\$ -	\$ 1.80
Total fair value of shares vested during the period	\$ 991	\$ 1,524
At March 31:		
Unamortized share-based payments	\$ 947	\$ 1,156
Weighted average period (in years) to be recognized as expense	1.0	1.7

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13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share are based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock and dilutive potential common share equivalents outstanding. Basic earnings per share assumes no dilution and is computed by dividing net income attributable to Alaska Communications by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution of securities that could share in the earnings of the Company. Potential common share equivalents include restricted stock granted to employees and deferred shares granted to directors.

Effective in 2015, the Company discontinued use of the “if converted” method in calculating diluted earnings per share in connection with its contingently convertible debt. Accordingly, 977 shares related to the 6.25% Notes were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the three-month period ended March 31, 2018. On May 1, 2018, the Company repurchased the outstanding balance of the 6.25% Notes. See Note 8 “*Long-Term Obligations.*”

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2019	2018
Net income attributable to Alaska Communications	\$ 227	\$ 2,101
Weighted average common shares outstanding:		
Basic shares	53,382	52,681
Effect of stock-based compensation	1,223	1,176
Diluted shares	54,605	53,857
Net income per share attributable to Alaska Communications:		
Basic	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.04
Diluted	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.04

ALASKA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS GROUP, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited, In Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

14. RETIREMENT PLANS

Multi-employer Defined Benefit Plan

Pension benefits for substantially all of the Company’s Alaska-based employees are provided through the Alaska Electrical Pension Fund (“AEPF”). The Company pays a contractual hourly amount based on employee classification or base compensation to the AEPF. As a multi-employer defined benefit plan, the accumulated benefits and plan assets are not determined for, or allocated separately to, the individual employer. This plan was not in endangered or critical status during the plan year.

Defined Benefit Plan

The Company has a separate defined benefit plan that covers certain employees previously employed by Century Telephone Enterprise, Inc. (“CenturyTel Plan”). This plan was transferred to the Company in connection with the acquisition of CenturyTel, Inc.’s Alaska properties, whereby assets and liabilities of the CenturyTel Plan were transferred to the ACS Retirement Plan on September 1, 1999. As of March 31, 2019, this plan is not fully funded under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

The following table presents the net periodic pension expense for the ACS Retirement Plan for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2019	2018
Interest cost	\$ 150	\$ 141
Expected return on plan assets	(170)	(198)
Amortization of loss	141	148
Net periodic pension expense	\$ 121	\$ 91

Net periodic pension expense is included in the line item “Other income (expense), net” in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

15. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Restricted cash of \$1,632 at March 31, 2019 consisted of certificates of deposit of \$1,600 required under the terms of certain contracts to which the Company is a party and other restricted cash of \$32. Restricted cash of \$1,634 at December 31, 2018 consisted of certificates of deposit of \$1,600 required under the terms of certain contracts to which the Company is a party and other restricted cash of \$34.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the statement of financial position at March 31, 2019 and 2018 that sum to the total of these items reported in the statement of cash flows:

	March 31,	
	2019	2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,845	\$ 5,226
Restricted cash	1,632	11,814
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 24,477	\$ 17,040

The following table presents supplemental non-cash transaction information for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018:

	2019	2018
Supplemental Non-cash Transactions:		
Capital expenditures incurred but not paid at March 31	\$ 3,878	\$ 3,820
Additions to ARO asset	\$ 7	\$ 4

ALASKA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS GROUP, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited, In Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

16. BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The Company operates its business under a single reportable segment. The Company's chief operating decision maker assesses the financial performance of the business as follows: (i) revenues are managed on the basis of specific customers and customer groups; (ii) costs are managed and assessed by function and generally support the organization across all customer groups or revenue streams; (iii) profitability is assessed at the consolidated level; and (iv) investment decisions and the assessment of existing assets are based on the support they provide to all revenue streams.

17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company enters into purchase commitments with vendors in the ordinary course of business, including minimum purchase agreements. The Company also has long-term purchase contracts with vendors to support the on-going needs of its business. These purchase commitments and contracts have varying terms and in certain cases may require the Company to buy goods and services in the future at predetermined volumes and at fixed prices.

The Company is involved in various claims, legal actions and regulatory proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company establishes an accrual when a particular contingency is probable and estimable, and has recorded litigation accruals totaling \$1,091 at March 31, 2019 against certain current claims and legal actions. The Company also faces contingencies that are reasonably possible to occur that cannot currently be estimated. The Company believes that the disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, comprehensive income or cash flows. It is the Company's policy to expense costs associated with loss contingencies, including any related legal fees, as they are incurred.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND ANALYSTS’ REPORTS

This Form 10-Q and our future filings on Forms 10-K, 10-Q and 8-K and the documents incorporated therein by reference include forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Exchange Act”), as amended. We intend such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact are “forward-looking statements” for purposes of federal and state securities laws, including statements about anticipated future operating and financial performance, financial position and liquidity, growth opportunities and growth rates, pricing plans, acquisition and divestiture opportunities, business prospects, strategic alternatives, business strategies, regulatory and competitive outlook, investment and expenditure plans, financing needs and availability and other similar forecasts and statements of expectation and statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing. Words such as “anticipates”, “believes”, “could”, “estimates”, “expects”, “intends”, “may”, “plans”, “projects”, “seeks”, “should” and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify these forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from our historical experience and our present expectations or projections. Forward-looking statements by us are based on estimates, projections, beliefs and assumptions of management and are not guarantees of future performance. Such forward-looking statements may be contained in this Form 10-Q under Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and elsewhere. Actual future performance, outcomes, and results may differ materially from those expressed in forward-looking statements made by us as a result of a number of important factors. Examples of these factors include (without limitation):

- Governmental and public policy changes and investigations, including on-going changes in our revenues, or obligations for current and prior periods related to these programs, resulting from regulatory actions affecting inter-carrier compensation, and on-going support for federal and state programs such as Essential Network Support obligations and the rural health care universal service support mechanism such as ascertainment of the “urban rate” and “rural rate” used to determine federal support payments for services we provide to the majority of our rural health care customers for current and prior periods, as well as our ability to comply with the regulatory requirements to contribute to the Universal Service Fund and receive support payments from that fund
- our size, because we are a smaller sized competitor in the markets we serve and we compete against large competitors with substantially greater resources
- our ability to continue to develop attractive, integrated products and services to evolving industry standards, and meet the pressure from competition to offer these services at lower prices
- unforeseen challenges when entering new markets
- our business and operations could be negatively affected as a result of the actions of activist stockholders, which could cause us to incur significant expense, hinder execution of our business strategy and impact our stock price
- the Alaskan economy, which has been impacted by continued low crude oil prices which are creating a significant impact on both the level of spending by the State of Alaska and the level of investment in resource development projects by natural resource exploration and development companies in Alaska. That reduced spending may impact the economy in the markets we serve and impact our future financial performance
- the ability to attract, recruit, retain and develop the workforce necessary for implementing our business plan
- disruptions or failures in the physical infrastructure or operating systems that support our businesses and customers, or cyber-attacks or security breaches of the physical infrastructure, operating systems or devices that our customers use to access our products and services
- our ability to keep pace with rapid technological developments and changing standards in the telecommunications industry, including on-going capital expenditures needed to upgrade our network to industry competitive speeds, particularly in light of expected 5G deployments by mobile wireless carriers
- our ability to maintain our cost structure as a focused broadband and managed information technology (“IT”) services company. Maintaining our cost structure is key to generating cash flow from operating activities. If we fail to effectively manage our costs, our financial condition will be impacted

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- unanticipated damage to one or more of our undersea fiber optic cables resulting from construction or digging mishaps, fishing boats or other reasons
- structural declines for voice and other legacy services within the telecommunications industry
- a maintenance or other failure of our network or data centers
- a failure of information technology systems
- our ability to invest sufficiently in our underlying physical infrastructure, including buildings, fleet and related equipment
- a third-party claim that the Company is infringing upon their intellectual property, resulting in litigation or licensing expenses, or the loss of our ability to sell or support certain products
- unanticipated costs required to fund our post-retirement benefit plans, or contingent liabilities associated with our participation in a multi-employer pension plan
- the success or failure of any future acquisitions or other major transactions
- geologic or other natural disturbances relevant to the location of our operations
- our ability to meet the terms of our financing agreements and to draw down additional funds under the facility to meet our liquidity needs
- the cost and availability of future financing, at the terms, and subject to the conditions necessary, to support our business and pursue growth opportunities; our debt could also have negative consequences for our business; for example, it could increase our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions, or limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the telecommunications industry; in addition, our ability to borrow funds in the future will depend in part on the satisfaction of the covenants in our credit facilities; if we are unable to satisfy the financial covenants contained in those agreements, or are unable to generate cash sufficient to make required debt payments, the lenders and other parties to those arrangements could accelerate the maturity of some or all of our outstanding indebtedness
- our success in providing broadband solutions to the North Slope and western Alaska
- our ability to repurchase shares of our Common Stock under our repurchase program
- the success of the Company's expansion into managed IT services, including the execution of those services for customers
- our internal control over financial reporting may not be effective, which could cause our financial reporting to be unreliable
- the matters described under Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, you should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. Additional risks that we may currently deem immaterial or that are not currently known to us could also cause the forward-looking events discussed in this Form 10-Q or our other reports not to occur as described. Except as otherwise required by applicable securities laws, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances or any other reason after the date of this Form 10-Q.

Investors should also be aware that while we do, at various times, communicate with securities analysts, it is against our policy to disclose to them any material non-public information or other confidential information. Accordingly, investors should not assume that we agree with any statement or report issued by an analyst irrespective of the content of the statement or report. To the extent that reports issued by securities analysts contain any projections, forecasts or opinions, such reports are not our responsibility.

OVERVIEW

We are a fiber broadband and managed IT services provider, offering technology and service enabled customer solutions to business and wholesale customers in and out of Alaska. We also provide telecommunication services to consumers in the most populated communities throughout the state. Our facilities based communications network extends through the economically significant portions of Alaska and connects to the contiguous states via our two diverse undersea fiber optic cable systems. Our network is among the most expansive in Alaska and forms the foundation of service to our customers. We operate in a largely two-player terrestrial wireline market and we estimate our market share to be less than 25% statewide. However, we sponsored a third-party market study in the fourth quarter of 2018 which suggests that our market share in "near net", that is, within one mile of our fiber footprint, may be closer to 40%. This is consistent with our hypothesis that from a revenue performance perspective, relative to our largest competitor we are gaining market share in the markets we are serving.

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The sections that follow provide information about important aspects of our operations and investments and include discussions of our results of operations, financial condition and sources and uses of cash. In addition, we have highlighted key trends and uncertainties to the extent practicable. The content and organization of the financial and non-financial data presented in these sections are consistent with information we use in evaluating our own performance and allocating our resources.

The Alaska Economy

We operate in a geographically diverse state with unique characteristics. We monitor the state of the economy and, in doing so, we compare Alaska economic activity with broader economic conditions. In general, we believe that the Alaska telecommunications market, as well as general economic activity in Alaska, is affected by certain economic factors, which include:

- investment activity in the oil and gas markets and the price of crude oil
- tourism levels
- governmental spending and activity of military personnel
- the price trends of bandwidth
- the growth in demand for bandwidth
- decline in demand for voice and other legacy services
- local customer preferences
- unemployment levels
- housing activity and development patterns

The population of Alaska, which declined marginally in 2018, is approximately 740,000 with Anchorage, Fairbanks and Juneau serving as the primary population and economic centers in the state.

It is estimated that one-third of Alaska's economy is dependent on federal spending, one-third on natural resources, in particular the production of crude oil, and the remaining one-third on drivers such as tourism, mining, timber, seafood, international air cargo and miscellaneous support services.

Alaska's economy is dependent on investment by oil companies, and state tax revenues correlate with the price of oil as the State assesses a tax based on the retail price of oil that transits the pipeline from the North Slope. The price of crude oil dropped substantially during 2014 through 2016, and increased marginally in 2017 and 2018. The decline in the price of crude oil has impacted the state in two ways:

1. Resource based companies reduced their level of spending in the state, and in particular the North Slope, through reducing their operating costs.
2. The State of Alaska budget represents approximately 15% of the states total economy. The state's budget deficit has been reduced from \$3.7 billion in 2015 to \$0.7 billion in 2019 (as enacted) primarily through spending reductions and utilization of interest earned on the state's permanent fund. Reduced spending by the state has had a dampening effect on overall economic activity in the state.

Economists anticipate that slowly increasing oil prices and growing industry optimism bode well for continued new development and increased activity on the North Slope in 2019, supporting an increase in the volume of oil moving through the pipeline and the generation of revenue for the state government.

Economists believe the Alaskan economy entered a moderate recession beginning in the second half of 2015, which they currently expect to end during 2019. Employment levels in the state declined approximately 0.3% in 2018 (compared with a 1.3% decline in 2017) driven by declines in the oil and gas industry, construction, and Federal and state government, offset by increases in health care and local government. The negative effects of the recession have been mitigated by diversity in the Alaskan economy, including growth in the health care and tourism industries. However, economists believe that, without a long-term solution to the state budget deficit, a full economic recovery may remain elusive.

Our objective is to continue generating sector leading revenue growth in the broadband market through investments in sales, service, marketing and product development while expanding our broadband network capabilities through higher efficiencies, automation, new technology and expanded service areas. We also intend to continue our growth in the managed IT services market by providing these services to our broadband customers, and leveraging our position as the premier Cloud Enabler for business in the state of Alaska. We also seek to continuously improve our customer service, and utilize the Net Promoter Score ("NPS") framework to track the feedback of our customers for virtually all customer interactions. We believe that higher NPS scores will allow us to increasingly provide a differentiated service experience for our customers, which will support our growth. We are focused on expanding our margins, and we utilize the LEAN framework to eliminate waste and simplify how we do business.

Regulatory Update

The items reported under Part I, Item 1. Business – Regulation in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, are updated as follows. This section should be read in conjunction with the corresponding items previously disclosed in our Annual Report.

US Federal Regulatory Matters

Rural Health Care Support Program

As described in our most recent Form 10-K, in November 2018, USAC approved the rural rates for the services we provide to our rural healthcare customers for Funding Year 2018, which began on July 1, 2018 and ends on June 30, 2019.

We are also working to reduce the level of regulatory and business uncertainty associated with our rural healthcare business in two additional ways. First, in November 2018, we requested FCC approval for rural rates for Funding Year 2019, which will begin July 1, 2019, in order to shorten the USAC funding request approval process and bring greater certainty to the competitive bidding process for rural healthcare provider services that began in January 2019. Second, we continue to advocate for the FCC expeditiously to adopt rules to reform and modernize the Rural Health Care Telecommunications Program, on which the majority of healthcare providers in Alaska rely, in the proceeding that began in December 2017. In December 2018, FCC Chairman Pai committed in a letter to Alaska Senator Dan Sullivan to move forward with an order adopting new rules for the Rural Health Care Program in 2019, with a target of doing so in the first half of the year. If the FCC meets that timeline, it is possible that new rules would be in place to govern the bidding and funding commitment process for Funding Year 2020, which will begin July 1, 2020.

At this time, it is impossible to predict the outcome of that rulemaking process or the impact the new rules may have. We are continuing to evaluate the impact of the funding cap constraints, ongoing uncertainty and unpredictability in the Rural Health Care Universal Service Support Mechanism, and the potential impact of future rule changes on our rural health care customers and revenues in light of these developments.

CAF Phase II

CAF Phase II supplanted the CAF Phase I frozen support mechanism and requires recipients to provide broadband service to unserved locations throughout the designated coverage area by the end of a specified build-out period, as well as to meet interim milestone build-out obligations.

On October 31, 2016, the FCC released its order adopting CAF Phase II (“CAF II”) for price cap carriers in Alaska. Alaska Communications is the only price cap carrier in Alaska and, under the CAF II order, we will receive approximately \$19.7 million annually (the same amount we received as CAF I high cost frozen support) for the ten-year period starting January 1, 2016 and continuing through December 31, 2025. To receive this support, we committed to provide voice and broadband Internet access service to 31,571 locations in census blocks that are unserved or only partially served by any unsubsidized competitor. These will include approximately 26,000 locations that did not previously have access to broadband Internet access service.

On December 28, 2017, Alaska Communications filed a notice with the FCC proposing to serve 4,762 unique geocoded locations (encompassing 6,056 unserved customer locations because some are in multi-unit buildings) in partially-served census blocks to partially fulfill this requirement. On March 27, 2018, GCI filed a challenge at the FCC, asserting that GCI serves 3,099 of these locations, and we filed a response, disputing that assertion. On September 28, 2018, the FCC granted our request with respect to 1,713 unique geocoded locations, which will assist us in meeting our CAF Phase II deployment obligation.

In addition, on June 21, 2018, we filed a supplemental notice with the FCC proposing to serve an additional 3,252 unique geocoded locations (encompassing 4,691 unserved customer locations) in partially-served census blocks, again to partially fulfill our CAF Phase II deployment obligation. On September 4, 2018, GCI filed a challenge at the FCC, asserting that it serves 2,604 of those 3,253 locations. On March 5, 2019, the FCC found that 647 of the 3,252 proposed locations are eligible for CAF Phase II, and granted our request to include 14 additional unserved census blocks as eligible for CAF Phase II broadband deployment. On May 6, 2019, as required under the FCC’s original October 31, 2016 CAF II Order, we filed a proposed confidential deployment plan identifying the 31,571 eligible customer locations where, subject to technological advances, deployment challenges, and market conditions, we propose to offer voice and broadband Internet access services by December 31, 2025. If however, our expectations concerning these factors do not emerge as planned over that time period, it may be more difficult and costly to meet our CAF Phase II deployment obligations.

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On April 26, 2018, the FCC released an Order denying our request to modify the conditions on our use of CAF Phase II high cost support. The CAF locations may include up to 2,714 unserved locations in census blocks deemed “low-cost” by the FCC, so long as we certify that the capital expenditure to serve each such location was at least \$5,000.00. The FCC denied our request to reduce that minimum capital expenditure requirement to \$2,577.79. As a result of this denial, we may find it more difficult to identify eligible service locations to meet our CAF Phase II deployment requirement.

We are continuing to work toward meeting our CAF Phase II obligations in a capital-efficient manner, including the potential to deliver broadband Internet access services meeting CAF Phase II requirements using our fixed wireless platform.

Satellite Services

On February 16, 2018, the FCC granted our application for a license to operate a network of C-band satellite earth stations to be used to serve our customers that cannot be reached by terrestrial middle mile facilities. Under that license, we are authorized to use up to 72 MHz of C-band spectrum on Eutelsat’s satellite, E115WB, for a term of 15 years. In June 2018, the FCC granted our application to expand that network to include new customer sites, and we have since requested authority to double the amount of spectrum we are authorized to use, up to 144 MHz, and serve additional sites. We expect this arrangement to provide us with greater predictability and stability in the availability and cost of long-haul transport connectivity to our customers that must be served by satellite. Since that time, we have continued to expand our C-band network.

Our C-band satellite earth stations use the 3.7 - 4.2 GHz band to receive downlink transmissions from geostationary satellites. On April 19, 2018, the Wireless Telecommunications, International, and Public Safety Bureaus of the FCC announced an immediate, temporary freeze on the filing of new or modification applications for fixed-satellite service earth station licenses, receive-only earth station registrations, and fixed microwave licenses in the 3.7 - 4.2 GHz portion of the C-band spectrum, in order to preserve the current landscape of authorized operations in that band while the Commission continues to examine opportunities to permit expanded terrestrial use of that band for mobile broadband and additional fixed services. On July 13, 2018, the FCC issued a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking seeking comment on options for expanding terrestrial use of the 3.7 - 4.2 GHz band for “5G” services. In response, we have filed comments and reply comments advocating for continued access to this spectrum for satellite downlink operations in Alaska. We are unable to predict the outcome of this proceeding. If the FCC adopts rules that limit our ability to register additional satellite earth stations in this band, or expands terrestrial transmissions in the 3.7 - 4.2 GHz band, it may become more difficult or costly for us to use this band, or necessitate relocation of our services to alternative spectrum bands.

In October 2018, the FCC also opened a proceeding to examine possible new terrestrial uses of the 6 GHz band, including the 5.925-6.425 GHz spectrum used for C-band satellite uplink transmissions originating from terrestrial earth stations to geostationary satellites in orbit. Because C-band earth stations are transmitting in that band, not receiving, we expect any increase in terrestrial use of the 6 GHz band to have a less severe impact on our satellite C-band network than would use of the 3.7 - 4.2 GHz receive band. Nevertheless, we are unable at this time to predict the outcome of these proceedings, or to assess any potential future impact on our C-band satellite services.

State of Alaska Regulatory Matters

Alaska Universal Service Fund

The Alaska Universal Service Fund (“AUSF”) complements the federal Universal Service Fund, but is focused on obligations to meet intrastate service obligations. The RCA has opened an “information docket” to evaluate and scope a comprehensive AUSF reform rulemaking that might include consideration of the Fund’s continued need. The RCA also opened a rulemaking to review the regulations specific to AUSF shortfalls. A final decision in that matter was issued in late December, 2017. These rules were transmitted to the Lt. Governor for signature and became effective April, 2018. They eliminate the hierarchy of shortfall payments except for Lifeline and administrative operating expenses.

In January, 2018, the RCA opened a rulemaking to repeal the AUSF effective July 31, 2019, and sought comments and reply comments. The Alaska Telephone Association and its members filed a plan to cap the fund and distributions. AT&T, GCI, and Alaska Communications also filed comments and reply comments. A hearing was scheduled in April. A final order was issued by the RCA on October 24, 2018 with changes to the distribution to be effective January 1, 2019.

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Prior to changes to the AUSF distribution, AUSF supported a portion of certain higher cost carriers' switching costs, the costs of Lifeline service (which supports rates of low-income customers), the Carrier of Last Resort ("COLR"), Carrier Common Line ("CCL") support program and other costs associated with regulated service. These funding mechanisms have been eliminated and replaced with a new funding mechanism called Essential Network Support ("ENS"). In addition, the AUSF surcharge has been capped at 10%.

In response to the FCC's order eliminating Lifeline qualifying programs approved by state regulatory commissions, the Alaskan telecommunications industry has proposed a waiver of the state qualifying programs to align the state and federal qualifying programs. The RCA granted that waiver prior to December 2, 2016 when the new rules went into effect. In August 2017, the RCA opened a docket, R-17-002, on Lifeline to align the programs with the federal rules and revise the certification and verification procedures to reflect revised federal procedures. Lifeline service providers have been operating under an RCA order that aligns some issues and companies made tariff filings to align their procedures. This rulemaking is somewhat ministerial in nature but may become moot depending on the outcomes of the AUSF docket R-18-001. Comments were submitted in September 2017. The regulation docket has a final decision deadline of August 25, 2019.

Other State Regulatory Matters

The RCA opened three dockets on July 27, 2016 to investigate the continued need for COLR funding in competitive areas. Two of the dockets investigating the continued need for COLR funding affect the Fairbanks and Juneau markets. On May 24, 2017, the RCA issued an order approving the 2016 COLR filing for ACSF but denying the 2016 COLR filing for ACSAK and terminating its COLR status and related support. ACSAK petitioned for reconsideration which was denied, and on July 14, 2017, ACSAK filed a notice of appeal in the Anchorage Superior Court. ACSAK filed its appellant brief on March 1, 2018 simultaneously with MTA. COLR support continued during the appeal.

Oral arguments were held on the COLR matter in January 2019, after which the RCA and ACSAK entered a settlement which allowed ACSAK to retain all COLR amounts paid during the pendency of the Superior Court action.

Business Plan Core Principles

Our results of operations, financial position and sources and uses of cash in the current and future periods reflect our focus on being the most successful broadband solutions company in Alaska by delivering the best customer experience in the markets we choose to serve. To do this we will continue to:

- ***Create a Workplace That Develops Our People and Celebrates Success*** We believe an engaged workforce is critical to our success. We are deeply committed to the development of our people and creating opportunities for them.
- ***Create a Consistent Customer Experience Every Time*** We strive to deliver service as promised to our customers, and make it right if our customers are not satisfied with what we delivered. We track virtually every customer interaction and we utilize the Net Promoter Score framework for assessing the satisfaction of our customers.
- ***Develop Our Network Focusing on Efficient Delivery and Management*** We are moving toward higher efficiencies and improved customer experience through automation, new technology and expanded geographic service areas. Our network architecture is a simpler mix of our fiber backbone, supported with fixed wireless ("FiWi"), WiFi and satellite.
- ***Relentlessly Simplify and Transform How We Do Business*** We believe we must reduce waste, which is defined as any activity that does not add value to its intended customer. Doing so improves the experience we deliver to our customers. We make investments in technology and process improvement, utilize the LEAN framework, and expect these efforts to meaningfully impact our financial performance in the long-term.
- ***Offer Broadband and Managed IT Solutions that Create Market Differentiation*** We are building on strength in designing and providing new products and solutions to our customers.

We believe we can create value for our shareholders by:

- Driving revenue growth through increasing business broadband and managed IT service revenues,
- Generating Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Free Cash Flow growth through margin management, and
- Careful allocation of capital, including selectively investing success based capital into opportunities that generate appropriate returns on investments.

2019 Operating Initiatives

- Continue our focus on robust broadband growth as the foundation of our other initiatives.
- Ignite success in the Consumer customer market, including the Mass Market group, through the expansion and enhancement of our products, services and the supporting infrastructure.
- Continue to strengthen our Enterprise and Carrier customer group, which is the primary driver of our Business and Wholesale group, through increased focus on specific products and services.
- Improve market penetration of our MIT products and services.
- Build on our work in 2018 in the areas of network modernization through SD-WAN, Fixed Wireless Access, fiber fed Multi-Dwelling Units, Optical Transport Network modernization, and adding product capabilities that leverage our network.
- Effectively manage operating expenses and capital spending to improve our margin profile over the long term.
- Continue to meet our CAF II deployment obligations.
- Successful implementation of an IT project targeted at replacing several of our legacy IT systems.
- Continued emphasis on employee engagement and effective communication.
- Evaluate strategic opportunities in and out of Alaska that address scale and geographic diversification and reduce the risk of investments made in our company.

Revenue Sources by Customer Group

We operate our business under a single reportable segment. We manage our revenues based on the sale of services and products to the three customer categories listed below. Revenue in the following management's discussion and analysis is presented by customer and product category, combining revenue accounted for under ASC 606 and other guidance.

- **Business and Wholesale (broadband, voice and managed IT services)**
- **Consumer (broadband and voice services)**
- **Regulatory (access services, high cost support and carrier termination)**

Business and Wholesale

Providing services to Business and Wholesale customers provides the majority of our revenues and is expected to continue being the primary driver of our growth over the next few years. Our business customers include large enterprises in the oil and gas, healthcare, education, Alaska Native Corporations, financial industries, Federal, state and local governments, and small and medium business. We were the first Alaska-based carrier to be Carrier Ethernet 2.0 Certified and are currently the only Alaska-based carrier certified for multipoint-to-multipoint services. This certification means that we meet international standards for the quality of our broadband services. We also offer IP based voice including the largest SIP implementations in the state of Alaska, and are the first Microsoft Express Route provider in the state. We believe our network differentiates us in the markets we serve, because we prefer not to compete on price; but on the quality, reliability, customer service and the overall value of our solutions. Accordingly, we have significant capacity to "sell into" the network we operate and do so at what we believe are attractive incremental gross margins.

Business services have experienced significant growth and we believe the incremental economics of business services are attractive. Given the demand from our customers for more bandwidth and services, we expect revenue growth from these customers to continue for the foreseeable future. We provide services such as voice and broadband, managed IT services including remote network monitoring and support, managed IT security and IT professional services, and long distance services primarily over our own terrestrial network. We are continuing our efforts to position the Company as the premier Cloud Enabler for business in the state of Alaska.

Our wholesale customers are primarily in-state, national and international telecommunications carriers who rely on us to provide connectivity for broadband and other needs to access their customers over our Alaskan network. The wholesale market is characterized by larger transactions that can create variability in our operating performance. We have a dedicated sales team that sells into this customer segment, and we expect wholesale revenue to grow for the foreseeable future.

Consumer

We also provide broadband, voice and IT services to residential customers, including residential homes and multi-dwelling units. Given that our primary competitor has extensive quad play capabilities (video, voice, wireless and broadband) we target how and where we offer products and services to this customer group in order to maintain our returns. Our focus is to leverage the capabilities of our existing network and sell customers our highest available bandwidth. Our primary competitive advantage is that we offer reliable internet service without data caps, while our competitor, with certain exceptions, charges customers or throttles customers' speeds for exceeding given levels of data usage. We experienced consistent growth in consumer broadband revenues in 2018. More recently, we expanded product and service offerings to this customer group and have implemented fiber fed WiFi and certain fixed wireless technology solutions for providing broadband, all of which have provided a basis for continued growth in this market in 2019.

Regulatory

Regulatory revenue is generated from three primary sources: (i) access charges, which include interstate and intrastate switched access and special access charges, and cellular access; (ii) surcharges billed to the end user (pass-through and non-pass-through); and (iii) federal and state support. We provide voice and broadband origination and termination services to interstate and intrastate carriers. While we are compensated for these services, these revenue streams have been in decline and we expect them to continue to decline, although at a relatively predictable rate. In addition, as regulators have reformed traditional access charges, they have simultaneously implemented new end user surcharges that contribute to our revenue.

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The following table summarizes our primary sources of regulatory revenue and their contribution to total revenue in 2018 (dollars in thousands).

Source	Description	2018 Revenue	As a % of Regulatory Revenue	As a % of Total Revenue
Access Charges				
	Interstate and intrastate switched access are services based primarily on originating and terminating access minutes from other carriers. Special access is primarily access to dedicated circuits sold to wholesale customers, substantially all of which is generated from interstate services. Cellular access is the transport of local network services between switches for cellular companies based on individually negotiated contracts. Access revenue has declined at an average of approximately 9% annually over the past three years.	\$ 4,548	9.0%	2.0%
Total Access Charges		\$ 4,548	9.0%	2.0%
Surcharges				
Pass-Through	We assess our customers for surcharges, typically on a monthly basis, as required by various state and federal regulatory agencies, and remit these surcharges to these agencies. These pass-through surcharges include Federal Universal Access and State Universal Access. These surcharges vary from year to year, and are primarily recognized as revenue, and the subsequent remittance to the state or federal agency as a cost of sale and service. The rates imposed by the regulators continue to increase. However, because the charges are only assessed on a portion of our services, and that portion continues to decline, we expect these revenue streams to decline over time as the revenue base declines.	\$ 7,874	15.6%	3.4%
Other	Other non-pass-through surcharges are collected from our customers as authorized by the regulatory body. The amount charged is based on the type of line: single line business, multi-line business, consumer or lifeline. The rates are established based on federal or state orders. These charges are recorded as revenue and do not have a direct associated cost. Rather, they represent a revenue recovery mechanism established by the FCC or the Regulatory Commission of Alaska.	\$ 11,560	22.8%	5.0%
Total Surcharges		\$ 19,434	38.4%	8.4%
Federal and State Support				
CAF II	In 2016, the FCC released the CAF Phase II order specific to Alaska Communications which transitioned from CAF Phase I frozen support to CAF Phase II. Funding under the new program generally requires the Company to provide broadband service to unserved locations throughout the designated coverage area by the end of a specified build-out period, and meet interim milestone build-out obligations. CAF II revenues are expected to be relatively stable through 2026.	\$ 19,694	39.0%	8.5%
COLR and CCL	The Company is designated by the State of Alaska as a COLR in five of the six study areas. In addition to COLR, the Company receives CCL support. We do not receive COLR or CCL funding for the ACS of Anchorage study area. As a COLR we are required to provide services essential for retail and carrier-to-carrier telecommunication throughout the applicable coverage area.	\$ 6,896	13.6%	2.9%
Total Federal and State Support		\$ 26,590	52.6%	11.4%
Total Regulatory Revenue		\$ 50,572		21.8%
Total Revenue		\$ 232,468		

[Table of Contents](#)**Executive Summary****Operating Revenues**

Total revenue of \$56.9 million increased \$0.9 million, or 1.7%, in the first quarter of 2019 compared with the first quarter of 2018. This growth reflects a \$2.3 million increase in total broadband revenue partially, offset by a \$1.6 million decrease in regulatory access revenue. Rural health care revenue was \$4.1 million in 2019 compared with \$3.5 million in 2018. Results in 2018 reflect the impact of the funding cap for the rural health care program announced in March 2018 which was subsequently increased in June 2018

Operating Income

Operating income of \$5.9 million in the first quarter of 2019 increased \$0.6 million, or 11.3%, compared with the first quarter of 2018 due to revenue growth, partially offset by marginally higher operating expenses. These items are discussed in more detail below.

Operating Metrics

Business broadband average monthly revenue per user (“ARPU”) of \$334.94 in the first quarter of 2019 increased from \$297.38 in the first quarter of 2018 due primarily to price reductions associated with the funding shortfalls in the rural health care program announced in March 2018. The funding cap was subsequently increased in June 2018. Business broadband connections of 15,126 at March 31, 2019 declined marginally from connections of 15,306 at March 31, 2018. We count connections on a unitary basis regardless of the size of the bandwidth. For example, a customer that has a 10MB connection is counted as one connection as is a customer with a 1MB connection. While we present metrics related to Business connections, we note that we manage Business and wholesale in terms of new Monthly Recurring Charges (“MRC”) sold. Achievement of sales performance in terms of MRC is the primary operating metric used by management to measure market performance. For competitive reasons, we do not disclose our sales or performance in MRC.

Consumer broadband connections of 32,840 at March 31, 2019 declined from 33,675 at March 31, 2018, and consumer broadband ARPU of \$65.39 in the first quarter of 2019 increased from \$63.77 in the first quarter of 2018. However, connections of 10 Mbps or higher increased to 22,285 at March 31, 2019 compared to 22,220 at March 31, 2018 reflecting our focus on offering higher speed connections.

The table below provides certain key operating metrics as of or for the periods indicated.

	March 31,	
	2019	2018
Voice:		
At quarter end:		
Business access lines	68,788	71,002
Consumer access lines	25,156	28,221
Quarter:		
ARPU - business	\$ 25.21	\$ 24.76
ARPU - consumer	\$ 33.77	\$ 31.57
Broadband:		
At quarter end:		
Business connections	15,126	15,306
Consumer connections	32,840	33,675
Quarter:		
ARPU - business	\$ 334.94	\$ 297.38
ARPU - consumer	\$ 65.39	\$ 63.77

Liquidity

We generated cash from operating activities of \$15.5 million in the first quarter of 2019 compared with \$13.4 million in the first quarter of 2018. This improvement reflects lower accounts receivable, partially as a result of cash receipts from the rural health care program, offset by increases in materials and supplies due to timing of construction projects.

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In the first quarters of 2019 and 2018, we invested a total of \$10.0 million and \$10.4 million, respectively, in capital, including capitalized interest and net of the settlement of items accrued in previous periods.

Net debt (defined as total debt excluding debt issuance costs, less cash and cash equivalents) at March 31, 2019 was \$159.9 million compared with \$161.2 million at December 31, 2018. The decrease reflects cash generated from operating activities during in the first quarter and net cash proceeds from the refinancing transaction, largely offset by capital spending and the increased principal balance of the 2019 Senior Credit Facility.

As described above, on January 15, 2019, the Company entered into an amended and restated credit facility which provides for a reduction in interest rates, extension of principal payment terms, increased borrowing capacity and resetting and widening of key covenant thresholds.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018. Revenue and the associated analysis is presented by customer and product category, combining revenue accounted for under ASC 606 and other guidance.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2018

(in thousands)	Three Months ended March 31,			
	2019	2018	Change	% Change
Operating revenues:				
Business and wholesale revenue				
Business broadband	\$ 15,267	\$ 13,659	\$ 1,608	11.8%
Business voice and other	7,001	6,851	150	2.2%
Managed IT services	1,659	1,265	394	31.1%
Equipment sales and installations	880	922	(42)	-4.6%
Wholesale broadband	10,262	9,578	684	7.1%
Wholesale voice and other	1,426	1,488	(62)	-4.2%
Total business and wholesale revenue	<u>36,495</u>	<u>33,763</u>	<u>2,732</u>	<u>8.1%</u>
Consumer revenue				
Broadband	6,468	6,492	(24)	-0.4%
Voice and other	2,733	2,877	(144)	-5.0%
Total consumer revenue	<u>9,201</u>	<u>9,369</u>	<u>(168)</u>	<u>-1.8%</u>
Total business, wholesale and consumer revenue	<u>45,696</u>	<u>43,132</u>	<u>2,564</u>	<u>5.9%</u>
<i>Growth in broadband revenue</i>	<i>7.6%</i>			
Regulatory revenue				
Access	6,289	7,917	(1,628)	-20.6%
High cost support	4,924	4,923	1	0.0%
Total regulatory revenue	<u>11,213</u>	<u>12,840</u>	<u>(1,627)</u>	<u>-12.7%</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>\$ 56,909</u>	<u>\$ 55,972</u>	<u>\$ 937</u>	<u>1.7%</u>
Operating expenses:				
Cost of services and sales (excluding depreciation and amortization)	25,627	25,833	(206)	-0.8%
Selling, general and administrative	16,656	16,012	644	4.0%
Depreciation and amortization	8,679	8,787	(108)	-1.2%
Gain on disposal of assets, net	(2)	(3)	1	-33.3%
Total operating expenses	<u>50,960</u>	<u>50,629</u>	<u>331</u>	<u>0.7%</u>
Operating income	5,949	5,343	606	11.3%
Other income and (expense):				
Interest expense	(3,056)	(3,504)	448	-12.8%
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(2,799)	-	(2,799)	NM
Interest income	75	14	61	NM
Other income, net	122	104	18	17.3%
Total other income and (expense)	<u>(5,658)</u>	<u>(3,386)</u>	<u>(2,272)</u>	<u>67.1%</u>
Income before income tax (expense) benefit	291	1,957	(1,666)	-85.1%
Income tax (expense) benefit	<u>(98)</u>	<u>112</u>	<u>(210)</u>	<u>NM</u>
Net income	193	2,069	(1,876)	-90.7%
Less net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(34)	(32)	(2)	6.3%
Net income attributable to Alaska Communications	<u>\$ 227</u>	<u>\$ 2,101</u>	<u>\$ (1,874)</u>	<u>-89.2%</u>

[Table of Contents](#)**Operating Revenue***Business and Wholesale*

Business and wholesale revenue of \$36.5 million increased \$2.7 million, or 8.1%, in the first quarter of 2019 from \$33.8 million in the first quarter of 2018. Business broadband revenue increased \$1.6 million due primarily to an increase in ARPU from \$297.38 in 2018 to \$334.94 in 2019. ARPU in the first quarter of 2018 reflected price reductions associated with the announced funding shortfalls in the rural health care program. The funding cap was subsequently increased in June 2018. Rural health care revenue was \$4.1 million in 2019 compared with \$3.5 million in 2018. Connections were down marginally year over year. Wholesale broadband revenue increased \$0.7 million, Managed IT services increased \$0.4 million and voice and other revenue increased \$0.1 million. These increases were partially offset by a marginal decline in equipment sales and installations. While connections and ARPU serve as data points to support the analysis of period-over-period changes in revenue, they are not critical indicators utilized by the Company to manage the Business and Wholesale customer group.

Business and wholesale revenue includes the amortization of deferred revenue for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2019	2018
GCI capacity revenue	\$ 511	\$ 511
Other deferred capacity revenue	615	436
Total deferred capacity revenue	1,126	947
Other deferred revenue	899	752
Total	\$ 2,025	\$ 1,699

Consumer

Consumer revenue of \$9.2 million in the first quarter of 2019 was down marginally from \$9.4 million in the first quarter of 2018. Broadband revenue was unchanged year over year as lower connections were offset by an increase in ARPU to \$65.39 from \$63.77. Voice and other revenue decreased \$0.1 million due to 3,065 fewer connections, partially offset by an increase in ARPU to \$33.77 from \$31.57 in the prior year.

Regulatory

Regulatory revenue of \$11.2 million decreased \$1.6 million year over year due primarily to lower access charges resulting from reduced funding from the Alaska Universal Service Fund, which supports the Company's obligations to meet its intrastate service obligations, and reduced ENS funding.

Operating Expenses*Cost of Services and Sales (excluding depreciation and amortization)*

Cost of services and sales (excluding depreciation and amortization) of \$25.6 million decreased \$0.2 million, or 0.8%, in the first quarter of 2019 from \$25.8 million in the first quarter of 2018. A \$0.9 million decrease in access charges and \$0.5 million decrease in circuit installation costs were partially offset by increases in labor, permitting and other costs totaling \$1.2 million.

Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses of \$16.7 million increased \$0.7 million, or 4.0%, in the first quarter of 2019 from \$16.0 million in the first quarter of 2018. This increase reflects a \$1.9 million increase in labor costs offset by a \$1.2 million reduction in the provision for doubtful accounts receivable.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense of \$8.7 million decreased \$0.1 million, or 1.2%, in the first quarter of 2019 from \$8.8 million in the first quarter of 2018. This decrease was due primarily to certain assets reaching the end of their depreciable life.

Other Income and Expense

Interest expense of \$3.1 million in the first quarter of 2019 declined from \$3.5 million in the first quarter of 2018 due to a lower average interest rate and borrowing levels. The loss on extinguishment of debt of \$2.8 million in the first quarter of 2019 was associated with the settlement of the 2017 Senior Credit Facility in the first quarter.

Income Taxes

Income tax expense and the effective tax rate in the first quarter of 2019 were \$0.1 million and 33.7%, respectively. The income tax benefit in the first quarter of 2018 of \$0.1 million reflects a \$0.7 million benefit recorded to correct an overstatement of the income tax provision in 2017. Excluding this out-of-period adjustment, the income tax provision was \$0.6 million and the effective tax rate was 30.2% in the first quarter of 2018.

Net Loss Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest

The net loss attributable to the noncontrolling interest of the AQ-JV was \$34 thousand and \$32 thousand in the first quarter of 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Net Income Attributable to Alaska Communications

Net income attributable to Alaska Communications of \$0.2 million in the first quarter of 2019 compares with \$2.1 million in the same period of 2018. The year over year results reflect the revenue and expense items discussed above.

FINANCIAL CONDITION, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**Cash Flows**

We satisfied our cash requirements for operations and capital expenditures in the first quarter of 2019 through internally generated funds and cash on hand. At March 31, 2019, we had \$22.8 million of cash and cash equivalents, \$1.6 million of restricted cash and \$20.0 million available under our revolving credit facility.

On January 15, 2019, we completed a refinancing transaction. See the discussion under “Liquidity and Capital Resources” below.

Our major sources and uses of funds in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2019	2018
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 15,475	\$ 13,421
Capital expenditures	\$ (8,563)	\$ (8,680)
Change in unsettled capital expenditures	\$ (1,121)	\$ (1,272)
Repayments of long-term debt	\$ (171,758)	\$ (8,807)
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt	\$ 180,000	\$ 7,000
Debt issuance costs and discounts	\$ (2,659)	\$ -
Cash paid for debt extinguishment	\$ (1,222)	\$ -
Interest paid ⁽¹⁾	\$ (3,075)	\$ (3,441)

⁽¹⁾ Included in net cash provided by operating activities.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities of \$15.5 million in the first quarter of 2019 reflects net income excluding non-cash items (defined as cash provided by operating activities excluding changes in operating assets and liabilities) of \$11.4 million, a \$6.5 million decrease in account receivable primarily reflecting cash receipts, partially offset by a \$1.6 million increase in materials and supplies due to timing of construction projects.

Cash provided by operating activities of \$13.4 million in the first quarter of 2018 reflects net income excluding non-cash items of \$11.0 million and a \$3.0 million decrease in accounts receivable, materials and supplies, and other current assets, partially offset by a \$1.1 million decrease in accounts payable and other current liabilities. The decrease in accounts receivable, materials and supplies, and other current assets reflects cash receipts on accounts receivable and utilization of materials and supplies in capital projects, offset by increases in accounts receivable associated with rural health care customers. The decrease in accounts payable and other current liabilities includes the effect of cash interest payments totaling \$3.4 million.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Cash used by investing activities of \$10.0 million in the first quarter of 2019 consisted of expenditures on capital. Of \$8.6 million incurred in 2019, \$5.1 million was success based versus maintenance.

Cash used by investing activities of \$10.4 million in the first quarter of 2018 consisted of expenditures on capital. Of \$8.7 million incurred in 2018, \$5.9 million was success based versus maintenance.

Our networks require the timely maintenance of plant and infrastructure. Future capital requirements may change due to impacts of regulatory decisions that affect our ability to recover our investments, changes in technology, the effects of competition, changes in our business strategy, and our decision to pursue specific acquisition and investment opportunities. Capital spending is typically higher during the second and third quarters. We intend to fund future capital expenditures with cash on hand and net cash generated from operations.

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Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Cash provided by financing activities was \$4.1 million in the first quarter of 2019. Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt of \$180.0 million consisted of Term A Facility of the 2019 Senior Credit Facility. Repayments of long-term debt of \$171.8 million consisted of settlement of the 2017 Senior Credit Facility. Debt discount, issuance and extinguishment payments totaling \$3.9 million were associated with the refinancing transaction.

Cash used by financing activities were \$2.2 million in the first quarter of 2018. Repayments of long-term debt of \$8.8 million included scheduled principal payments on the term loan components of our 2017 Senior Credit Facility of \$1.7 million and repayment of draws totaling \$7.0 million on the revolving credit facility. Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt of \$7.0 million consisted of draws on the revolving credit facility.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Consistent with our history, our current and long-term liquidity could be impacted by a number of challenges, including, but not limited to: (i) potential future reductions in our revenues resulting from governmental and public policy changes, including regulatory actions affecting inter-carrier compensation, changes in revenue from Universal Service Funds, and the timing of Rural Health Care Program funding receipts; (ii) servicing our debt and funding principal payments; (iii) the funding of other obligations, including our pension plans and lease commitments; (iv) competitive pressures in the markets we serve; (v) the capital intensive nature of our industry; (vi) our ability to respond to and fund the rapid technological changes inherent to our industry, including new products; and (vii) our ability to obtain adequate financing to support our business and pursue growth opportunities.

We are responding to these challenges by (i) driving top line growth in broadband service revenues outside the rural health care market with a focus on business and wholesale customers; (ii) managing our cost structure to deliver consistent Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Free Cash flow performance; and (iii) holding capital spending to approximately \$35 million annually.

On January 15, 2019, we entered into the 2019 Senior Credit Facility, consisting of an Initial Term A Facility in the amount of \$180 million, a Revolving Facility in an amount not to exceed \$20 million and a Delayed-Draw Term A Facility in an amount not to exceed \$25 million. The 2019 Senior Credit Facility also provides for Incremental Term A Loans up to an aggregate principal amount of the greater of \$60 million and trailing twelve month EBITDA, as defined. On January 15, 2019, proceeds from the Initial Term A Facility of \$180 million were used to repay in full the outstanding principal balance of the Term A-1 Facility and Term A-2 Facility under the Company's 2017 Senior Credit Facility totaling \$171.8 million, plus accrued and unpaid interest, pay fees and expenses associated with the Agreement and for general corporate purposes.

Principal payments on the Initial Term A Facility, Delayed-Draw A Facility and any amounts outstanding under the Incremental Term A Loans are due commencing in the third quarter of 2019 as follows: the third quarter of 2019 through the second quarter of 2020 – 0.625% per quarter; the third quarter of 2020 through the second quarter of 2022 – 1.25% per quarter; the third quarter of 2022 through the second quarter of 2023 – 1.875% per quarter; and the third quarter of 2023 through the fourth quarter of 2023 – 2.5% per quarter. The remaining outstanding principal balance, including any amounts outstanding under the Revolving Facility, is due on January 15, 2024.

The obligations under the 2019 Senior Credit Facility are secured by substantially all of the personal property and real property of the Company, subject to certain agreed exceptions. The 2019 Senior Credit Facility provides for events of default customary for credit facilities of this type, including non-payment defaults on other debt, misrepresentation, breach of covenants, representations and warranties, change of control, and insolvency and bankruptcy. The 2019 Senior Credit Facility contains customary representations, warranties and covenants, including covenants limiting the incurrence of debt, the payment of dividends and repurchase of the Company's common stock.

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Financial covenants as defined in the Agreement are summarized below.

Maximum Net Total Leverage Ratio: The ratio of our (a) total debt, less unrestricted cash and cash equivalents held in pledged accounts, less cash drawn under the Delayed-Draw Term A Facility held for specified capital projects to (b) Consolidated EBITDA (as defined more specifically below) for the consecutive four fiscal quarters ending as of the calculation date. The maximum allowable net total leverage ratio is provided in the table below.

<u>Period</u>	<u>Ratio</u>
January 15, 2019 through March 30, 2020	3.50 to 1.00
March 31, 2020 through September 29, 2020	3.35 to 1.00
September 30, 2020 through June 29, 2021	3.25 to 1.00
June 30, 2021 through June 29, 2022	3.00 to 1.00
June 30, 2022 and thereafter	2.50 to 1.00

The actual net total leverage ratio was 2.78 at March 31, 2019.

Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio: The ratio of our (a) Consolidated EBITDA for the applicable period (as defined below) to (b) (i) the sum of, for the same period, consolidated interest expense, capital expenditures (with certain exceptions), long term indebtedness (with certain exceptions) required to be paid, capital lease obligations required to be paid, restricted payments, cash payments for income taxes, (ii) minus, for the same period, specified capital expenditures. The applicable periods for purposes of calculating this ratio are the fiscal quarter ending March 31, 2019; the two consecutive fiscal quarters ending June 30, 2019; the three consecutive fiscal quarters ending September 30, 2019; and the four consecutive fiscal quarters ending December 31, 2019 and thereafter. The minimum fixed charge coverage ratio is 1.10 to 1.00. The actual fixed charge coverage ratio was 1.28 at March 31, 2019.

Consolidated EBITDA, as defined in the 2019 Senior Credit Facility, is not a GAAP measure and is defined as consolidated net income attributable to Alaska Communications, plus (to the extent deducted in calculating net income) the sum of:

- cash and non-cash interest expense;
- depreciation and amortization expense;
- income taxes;
- other non-cash charges and expenses, including equity-based compensation expense;
- the write down or write off on any assets, other than accounts receivable;
- subject to limitation, fees, premiums, penalty payments and out-of-pocket transaction costs incurred in connection with the 2019 refinancing transactions;
- non-cash cost of goods sold associated with certain projects;
- subject to limitation, unusual, non-recurring losses, charges and expenses;
- one-time costs associated with permitted acquisitions;
- cost savings from synergies in connection with permitted acquisitions or dispositions;
- certain costs required to be expensed in connection permitted acquisitions; and
- investment losses of unconsolidated entities.

minus (to the extent included in calculating net income) the sum of:

- unusual, non-recurring gains on permitted sales or dispositions of assets and casualty events;
- cash and non-cash interest income;
- other unusual nonrecurring items;
- the write up of any asset;
- patronage refunds or similar distributions from any lender;
- deferred revenue associated with certain projects; and
- investment income of unconsolidated entities.

The Initial Term A Facility, Revolving Facility, Delayed-Draw Facility and Incremental Term A Loans bear interest at LIBOR plus 4.5% per annum.

The weighted interest rate on the 2019 Senior Credit Facility was 6.49% at March, 2019.

As required under the terms of the 2019 Senior Credit Facility and as a component of its cash flow hedging strategy, the Company has entered into an interest rate hedge sufficient to effectively fix or limit the interest rate on borrowings under the 2019 Senior Credit Facility of \$90.0 million through June 28, 2019 and will obtain another hedging instrument to be effective subsequent to that date.

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All terms are defined in the Agreement. See the “First Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of January 15, 2019, by and among Alaska Communications, as the borrower, the Company and certain of its direct and indirect subsidiaries, as guarantors, ING Capital LLC, as administrative agent, and the lenders party thereto,” filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 22, 2019.

As of March 31, 2019, USAC had issued funding commitment letters for all of the Company’s rural health care customer applications for Funding Year 2018 (July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019). As of the date of this report, the Company’s cost-based rural rates for Funding Year 2019 (July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020) had not been approved by the FCC. Our accounts receivable balance for rural health care customers, net of amounts reserved, was \$5.2 million at March 31, 2019 and \$8.1 million at December 31, 2018.

We believe that we will have sufficient cash on hand, cash provided by operations and availability under our 2019 Senior Credit Facility to service our debt and fund our operations, capital expenditures and other obligations over the next twelve months. However, our ability to make such an assessment is dependent upon our future financial performance, which is subject to future economic conditions and to financial, business, regulatory, competitive entry and many other factors, many of which are beyond our control and could impact us during the time period of this assessment. See Item 1A. Risk Factors in Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 for further information regarding these risks.

OUTLOOK

We expect to see continued strength in business and wholesale revenues, led by broadband revenue and managed IT services, focused on the larger enterprise and carrier customer segments. These revenue increases are driven by continued demand for broadband as businesses migrate their IT infrastructure to the cloud, deployment of small cell networks, expansion into managed IT services, investments by Federal agencies in long haul broadband infrastructure and continued progress in serving new school districts. We expect the rural health care segment to begin to stabilize in 2019 as a result of program funding increases announced by the FCC in 2018. However, the pricing methodology for funding year 2019 and beyond is uncertain. We expect to see solid performance from our carrier and federal customers as well as opportunities in markets enabled by the North Slope networks. Driven by our network investments in fiber fed WiFi and fixed wireless, we expect to become more competitive serving small business and residential customers, while we focus on improving profitability by enhancing our online and self-serve capabilities. Growth in these areas is expected to be somewhat offset by continued pressure in the rural health care program.

Additionally, we are focused on continued implementation of the CAF II program and expect to meet our obligations for 2019 by providing broadband coverage to an additional 10%, or approximately 3,200, of our target locations by the end of the year.

We also expect continued attention by our Board of Directors on the evaluation of value creating strategic opportunities that address our scale and geographic concentration issues.

LEGAL

We are involved in various claims, legal actions, personnel matters and regulatory proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business and as of March 31, 2019, we have recorded litigation accruals of \$1.1 million against certain of those claims and legal actions. Estimates involved in developing these litigation accruals could change as these claims, legal actions and regulatory proceedings progress. See also Part II, Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

EMPLOYEES

As of March 31, 2019, we employed 575 regular full-time employees, 8 regular part-time employees and 4 temporary employees, compared with 584, 8 and 4, respectively at December 31, 2018. Approximately 53% of our employees are represented by the IBEW. Our Master Collective Bargaining Agreement (“CBA”) with the IBEW, which is effective through December 31, 2023, governs the terms and conditions of employment for all IBEW represented employees working for us in the state of Alaska. Management considers employee relations to be generally good.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

We have identified certain policies and estimates as critical to our business operations and the understanding of our past or present results of operations. For additional discussion on the application of significant accounting policies, see “Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates” in Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. These policies and estimates are considered critical because they had a material impact, or have the potential to have a material impact, on our financial statements and because they require significant judgments, assumptions or estimates.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Among the significant estimates affecting the financial statements are those related to the realizable value of accounts receivable and long-lived assets, the value of derivative instruments, deferred capacity revenue, legal contingencies, stock-based compensation and income taxes. As future events and their effects cannot be determined with precision, actual results may differ significantly from those estimates. Changes in those estimates will be reflected in the financial statements of future periods.

New Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 1 “*Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*” to the condensed consolidated financial statements for a description of recently adopted accounting pronouncements and recently issued pronouncements not yet adopted.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

As a smaller reporting company, the Company is not required to provide the information called for by this Item.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Based on the evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Principal Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required financial disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Principal Financial Officer, we have evaluated any changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the first quarter of 2019 and have concluded that there were no changes to our internal control over financial reporting that materially affect, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved in various claims, legal actions, personnel matters and regulatory proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. As of March 31, 2019, we have recorded litigation accruals of \$1.1 million against certain current claims and legal actions. Other than as described above and as disclosed previously in Item 3. Legal Proceedings in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, we believe that the disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the Company's risk factors as previously disclosed in Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Working Capital Restrictions and Other Limitations on the Payment of Dividends

Our 2019 Senior Credit Facility contains a number of restrictive covenants and events of default, including covenants limiting capital expenditures, incurrence of debt and the payment of dividends. The 2019 Senior Credit Facility also requires that we maintain certain financial ratios.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Exhibit	Where Located
3.1	Amended and Restated By-Laws of Alaska Communications Systems Group, Inc., as amended and restated on April 5, 2019.	Exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K (filed April 9, 2019)
10.1*	Employment Arrangement between Alaska Communications Systems, Group, Inc and William Bishop dated April 3, 2019.	Filed herewith
10.2*	Compensation Letter from Alaska Communications Systems Group, Inc. to Leonard Steinberg dated March 26, 2019.	Filed herewith
10.3*	Compensation Letter from Alaska Communications Systems Group, Inc. to Laurie Butcher dated March 26, 2019.	Filed herewith
31.1	Certification of Anand Vadapalli, President and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	Filed herewith
31.2	Certification of Laurie Butcher, Senior Vice President of Finance, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	Filed herewith
32.1	Certification of Anand Vadapalli, President and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	Furnished herewith
32.2	Certification of Laurie Butcher, Senior Vice President of Finance, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	Furnished herewith
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document	Filed herewith
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document	Filed herewith
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document	Filed herewith
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document	Filed herewith
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document	Filed herewith
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document	Filed herewith
*	Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.	

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ALASKA COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS GROUP, INC.

Date: May 10, 2019

/s/ Anand Vadapalli
Anand Vadapalli
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 10, 2019

/s/ Laurie Butcher
Laurie Butcher
Senior Vice President of Finance
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

**Hand Delivered**

April 3, 2019
William (Bill) Bishop
Senior Vice President, Customer & Revenue Management

Dear Bill:

During your 15 years with Alaska Communications you have demonstrated consistent professional growth and accomplishment of business results. Over the last several years, you have led our growth in Business and Wholesale, while more recently taking on ownership for all revenue in the company in your most recent role as Senior Vice President, Customer and Revenue Management. I'm pleased with your progression and have confidence you will continue to achieve a high level of success. Therefore, it is with excitement that I'm promoting you to the position of Senior Vice President and Chief Operations Officer (SVP and COO) effective April 9, 2019. In this capacity, you will be part of a highly professional team that is dedicated to advancing the company in its position as Alaska's leading integrated telecommunications company. If you accept this offer, you will continue to report to me.

In this role, your annual base salary rate will be \$300,000, delivered in bi-weekly payrolls, and a \$210,000 (70% of your base salary rate) target annual cash incentive for an annualized target cash compensation total of \$510,000. As always, your annual incentive is reliant upon Board of Directors (BOD) approval and governing plan documents.

Your actual incentive payment (a) will vary based on your and our Company's performance, (b) is earned and paid only after completion of the year-end financial audit, (c) is paid only to employees who continue to be regular, full time employees at the time payment is made in the year following the performance year, and (d) is pro-rated your first year based on your actual time in the position.

Another substantial component of your total compensation in this job is a target annual long-term incentive compensation award. Your total annual target long-term incentive compensation award as SVP and COO will be 80% of your base salary rate, comprised of retention and performance cash and / or equity compensation. We determine actual awards based on your role and performance of that role, and prorate for your actual time in the position. All awards are contingent upon Board of Directors (BOD) approval, governing plan documents, and your execution of required award documents.

Alaska Communications has developed a Corporate Compliance Program (CCP) and Protection of Proprietary Information Policy (PIP) to help employees meet the Company's expectations. Adherence to all Alaska Communications Policies & Procedures is a condition of employment at Alaska Communications and new hires are expected to confirm their willingness to comply in writing. Copies of the current versions of both the CCP and PIP are attached for your advance review. By accepting our offer, you are agreeing to comply with these policies, as they may be amended from time to time in the future, and certify you are not obligated by any previously signed agreements that will preclude you from working at Alaska Communications.

In your position as an officer of our company, you will become privy to confidential and highly-sensitive competitive and proprietary information concerning our business, including but not limited to our customers, the products and services we offer, our finances, our business strategies, and our future plans. You agree that during your employment with us, and for a period of twelve months after termination of your employment, you will not become an officer, director, employee, contractor, consultant, partner, joint-venture, or otherwise enter a business relationship or service with any competitor of Alaska Communications in the markets we are serving at the time your employment terminates; and for a period of twelve months after termination of your employment you also agree that you will not offer, encourage or solicit any other officer or employee of Alaska Communications to leave the company or enter into an employment or business relationship with you or your subsequent employer. If and when you leave Alaska Communications, you agree that you will not make any disparaging statements, whether oral or written, about the company, its officers, directors, or employees or any aspect of its business. In addition, you agree to always protect all Alaska Communications' confidential and proprietary information you learned as a result of your employment with us in accordance with the CCP and PIP.

As SVP and COO, you will also continue to be covered by the Alaska Communications Officer Severance Policy. It may be modified in the future and, as modified, will apply to you.

Business conditions change from time to time and the commitment to provide continuing employment and your total compensation package depends upon the Company's success and continuing business requirements. As a result, I feel a responsibility to advise you that Alaska Communications is an "at will" employer. This means that either you or the Company can terminate the employment relationship at any time for any reason, with or without cause. While I feel the need to share these cautions, please also know that I feel confident that you are continuing with an organization that will prevail as the premier Alaskan communications service provider.

Bill, I'm looking forward to watching teams grow under your leadership. If you have questions about this offer, please do not hesitate to speak with me. I look forward to your accepting this offer by Friday April 5 2019.

Respectfully yours,

Anand Vadapalli
Chief Executive Officer & President

cc: Employee File

Accepted: /s/ William Bishop
William Bishop

Date: April 5, 2019



Hand Delivered

March 26, 2019
Leonard Steinberg
Senior Vice President, Legal, Regulatory & Government Affairs

Dear Leonard:

As part of our ongoing commitment to ensure equity in our employees' compensation we are continually reviewing employee placement and reviewing the market to make sure that our compensation is competitive with that of industries like us. In light of this analysis and in recognition of your contributions in your role, your salary will be adjusted to appropriately reflect your qualifications and performance.

Effective January 1, 2019, you will receive \$288,000 in annual base salary paid on a weekly rate and delivered in bi-weekly payrolls, and a \$172,800 (60% of your base salary rate) target annual cash incentive for an annualized target cash compensation total of \$460,800.

Your actual incentive payment (a) will vary based on your and our Company's performance, (b) is earned and paid only after completion of the year-end financial audit, (c) is paid only to employees who continue to be regular, full time employees at the time payment is made in the year following the performance year, and (d) is pro-rated your first year based on your actual time in the position.

Another substantial component of your total compensation in this job is a target annual long-term incentive compensation award. Your total annual target long-term incentive compensation award as Senior Vice President of Legal, Regulatory & Government Affairs will be 100.0% of your base salary rate, comprised of retention and performance cash and / or equity compensation. We determine actual awards based on your role and performance of that role, and prorate for your actual time in the position. All awards are contingent upon Board of Directors (BOD) approval, governing plan documents, and your execution of required award documents.

Alaska Communications has developed a Corporate Compliance Program (CCP) and Protection of Proprietary Information Policy (PIP) to help employees meet the Company's expectations. Adherence to all Alaska Communications Policies & Procedures is a condition of employment at Alaska Communications and new hires are expected to confirm their willingness to comply in writing. Copies of the current versions of both the CCP and PIP are attached for your advance review. By accepting our offer, you are agreeing to comply with these policies, as they may be amended from time to time in the future, and certify you are not obligated by any previously signed agreements that will preclude you from working at Alaska Communications.

In your position as an officer of our company, you will become privy to confidential and highly-sensitive competitive and proprietary information concerning our business, including but not limited to our customers, the products and services we offer, our finances, our business strategies, and our future plans. You agree that during your employment with us, and for a period of twelve months after termination of your employment, you will not become an officer, director, employee, contractor, consultant, partner, joint-venture, or otherwise enter a business relationship or service with any competitor of Alaska Communications in the markets we are serving at the time your employment terminates; and for a period of twelve months after termination of your employment you also agree that you will not offer, encourage or solicit any other officer or employee of Alaska Communications to leave the company or enter into an employment or business relationship with you or your subsequent employer. If and when you leave Alaska Communications, you agree that you will not make any disparaging statements, whether oral or written, about the company, its officers, directors, or employees or any aspect of its business. In addition, you agree to always protect all Alaska Communications' confidential and proprietary information you learned as a result of your employment with us in accordance with the CCP and PIP.

As Senior Vice President, Legal, Regulatory & Government Affairs, you will also continue to be covered by the Alaska Communications Officer Severance Policy. It may be modified in the future and, as modified, will apply to you.

Business conditions change from time to time and the commitment to provide continuing employment and your total compensation package depends upon the Company's success and continuing business requirements. As a result, I feel a responsibility to advise you that Alaska Communications is an "at will" employer. This means that either you or the Company can terminate the employment relationship at any time for any reason, with or without cause. While I feel the need to share these cautions, please also know that I feel confident that you are continuing with an organization that will prevail as the premier Alaskan communications service provider.

Leonard, I'm looking forward to watching teams grow under your leadership. If you have questions about this offer, please do not hesitate to speak with me.

Respectfully yours,

Anand Vadapalli
Chief Executive Officer

cc: Employee File

Accepted: /s/ Leonard Steinberg
Leonard Steinberg

Date: March 29, 2019



Hand Delivered

March 26, 2019
Laurie Butcher
Senior Vice President, Finance

Dear Laurie:

As part of our ongoing commitment to ensure equity in our employees' compensation we are continually reviewing employee placement and reviewing the market to make sure that our compensation is competitive with that of industries like us. In light of this analysis and in recognition of your contributions in your role, your salary will be adjusted to appropriately reflect your qualifications and performance.

Effective January 1, 2019, you will receive \$274,127 in annual base salary paid on a weekly rate and delivered in bi-weekly payrolls, and a \$164,476 (60% of your base salary rate) target annual cash incentive for an annualized target cash compensation total of \$438,603.

Your actual incentive payment (a) will vary based on your and our Company's performance, (b) is earned and paid only after completion of the year-end financial audit, (c) is paid only to employees who continue to be regular, full time employees at the time payment is made in the year following the performance year, and (d) is pro-rated your first year based on your actual time in the position.

Another substantial component of your total compensation in this job is a target annual long-term incentive compensation award. Your total annual target long-term incentive compensation award as Senior Vice President of Finance will be 80.0% of your base salary rate, comprised of retention and performance cash and / or equity compensation. We determine actual awards based on your role and performance of that role, and prorate for your actual time in the position. All awards are contingent upon Board of Directors (BOD) approval, governing plan documents, and your execution of required award documents.

Alaska Communications has developed a Corporate Compliance Program (CCP) and Protection of Proprietary Information Policy (PIP) to help employees meet the Company's expectations. Adherence to all Alaska Communications Policies & Procedures is a condition of employment at Alaska Communications and new hires are expected to confirm their willingness to comply in writing. Copies of the current versions of both the CCP and PIP are attached for your advance review. By accepting our offer, you are agreeing to comply with these policies, as they may be amended from time to time in the future, and certify you are not obligated by any previously signed agreements that will preclude you from working at Alaska Communications.

In your position as an officer of our company, you will become privy to confidential and highly-sensitive competitive and proprietary information concerning our business, including but not limited to our customers, the products and services we offer, our finances, our business strategies, and our future plans. You agree that during your employment with us, and for a period of twelve months after termination of your employment, you will not become an officer, director, employee, contractor, consultant, partner, joint-venture, or otherwise enter a business relationship or service with any competitor of Alaska Communications in the markets we are serving at the time your employment terminates; and for a period of twelve months after termination of your employment you also agree that you will not offer, encourage or solicit any other officer or employee of Alaska Communications to leave the company or enter into an employment or business relationship with you or your subsequent employer. If and when you leave Alaska Communications, you agree that you will not make any disparaging statements, whether oral or written, about the company, its officers, directors, or employees or any aspect of its business. In addition, you agree to always protect all Alaska Communications' confidential and proprietary information you learned as a result of your employment with us in accordance with the CCP and PIP.

As Senior Vice President, Finance, you will also continue to be covered by the Alaska Communications Officer Severance Policy. It may be modified in the future and, as modified, will apply to you.

Business conditions change from time to time and the commitment to provide continuing employment and your total compensation package depends upon the Company's success and continuing business requirements. As a result, I feel a responsibility to advise you that Alaska Communications is an "at will" employer. This means that either you or the Company can terminate the employment relationship at any time for any reason, with or without cause. While I feel the need to share these cautions, please also know that I feel confident that you are continuing with an organization that will prevail as the premier Alaskan communications service provider.

Laurie, I'm looking forward to watching teams grow under your leadership. If you have questions about this offer, please do not hesitate to speak with me.

Respectfully yours,

Anand Vadapalli
Chief Executive Officer

cc: Employee File

Accepted: /s/ Laurie Butcher
Laurie Butcher

Date: March 30, 2019

Sarbanes-Oxley Section 302(a) Certification

I, Anand Vadapalli, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Alaska Communications Systems Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2019

/s/ Anand Vadapalli
Anand Vadapalli
President and Chief Executive Officer
Alaska Communications Systems Group, Inc.

Sarbanes-Oxley Section 302(a) Certification

I, Laurie Butcher, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Alaska Communications Systems Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2019

/s/ Laurie Butcher
Laurie Butcher
Senior Vice President of Finance
Alaska Communications Systems Group, Inc.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Alaska Communications Systems Group, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2019 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Anand Vadapalli, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 10, 2019

/s/ Anand Vadapalli
Anand Vadapalli
President and Chief Executive Officer
Alaska Communications Systems Group, Inc.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Alaska Communications Systems Group, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2019 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Laurie Butcher, Senior Vice President of Finance of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 10, 2019

/s/ Laurie Butcher
Laurie Butcher
Senior Vice President of Finance
Alaska Communications Systems Group, Inc.